

Jarkent	18,341 families.
Kaschgar	15,700 »
Ak-su	8,424 »
Iltschi	5,027 »
Kara-kasch	4 944 »
Tschira	4,288 »
Jurun-kasch	2,145 »
Kerija	992 »
Tak	336 »
Sajram	1,049 »
Kutschar	946 »
Utsch-Turfan	810 »
Bughur	707 »
Kara-schahr	670 »
Baj	593 »
Schah-jar	473 »
Turfan	2,368 »
	67,813 families.

To this Grigorieff appends the following note, »If we assume that each 'family' is equivalent to 'household', and take it, further, that each household consists of 10 individuals, even then we do not get more than 700,000 inhabitants, which in our opinion is immensely below the reality.»*

From Forsyth's account of his mission (hence in 1873—74) I cite the following statistical statements: »Nach den obigen Angaben ergibt sich folgende Tabelle für die Bevölkerung von Ost-Turkestan: —

Khotan	18,500 Häuser	129,500 Einwohner.
Jarkand	32,000 »	224,000 »
Jangi-hissar	8,000 »	56,000 »
Kaschgar	16,000 »	112,000 »
Usch-Turfan	2,000 »	14,000 »
Ak-su	12,000 »	84,000 »
Kutschahr	6,000 »	42,000 »
Kurla	2,000 »	14,000 »
Kara-schahr	8,000 »	56,000 »
Turfan	18,000 »	126,000 »
Lob	10,000 »	70,000 »
Maral-baschi	5,000 »	35,000 »
Sirikul	2,500 »	17,500 »
Kirgisen Steppen	3,000 »	21,000 »
Pakhpuluk	2,000 »	14,000 »
	Total 145,000 Häuser	1,015,000 Einwohner.

* *Semlevjedjenije K. Rittera, Vostotschnij ili Kitajskij Turkestan*, by V. V. Grigorieff, I. 1. pp. 40 and 416.