

Prince « Sosan » (So-san, « So Third ») of the missionaries was really So-ê-t'u, Sö'ätü, which gives an intermediary form between Sögätü and Sötü (cf. *TP*, 1924, 363; 1929, 196; 1936, 383).

Sögätü, a Jalair, took part in the operations against Li T'an (see « Liitan »), then in the siege of Hsiang-yang (see « Saianfu »). In 1281, he was appointed head of the expedition to Champa, and left Canton the next year with his fleet of 100 high-sea junks and 250 war junks. At first successful, he took the capital Cha-ban and established himself in the country; but the defeat of Qubilai's son Toyön in Tongking brought Sögätü into a disastrous war with the Annamese, and Sögätü's biography makes him die in the field (1285).

345. SONCARA

anchora V
crocara VL
soncara F, FB, L, P, P⁵; R
soncaran VB

sonchara VA
soncharet LT
soticara Z

souscara FA
sunchara TA¹
sunchata TA³

One of the eight « kingdoms » of Persia. YULE has shown (*Y*, I, 86) that it must be شبنکاره Šabānkārah or شوانکاره Šawānkārah, to the south of the great salt lake east of Širāz. The transcription is rather abnormal, but all the Mss. agree, and there may have been a popular Persian pronunciation akin to Soncara. Fra Mauro writes Sonzara, probably representing a Sonçara corrupted from Soncara.

344. SONDUR and CONDUR

Condur
aira V
candur Fr, t
chodur TA^{1r}, TA^{3r}
chondur TA³

condior VB
condur F, FA, FB, L,
TA¹, VA, VL, Z; R

condus LT
conduz P

Sondur
cenduz P
sandii VB
sandur FA, FB

sarclan Ft
sardan Fr, V
sendor VA

sodur TA¹, TA³
sondur F, L, VL, Z; R
sondus LT

For the identification, see « Condur ».

The reading « Sondur » of F, R, Z, is also in Fra Mauro (HALLBERG, 450).