

- buried, mentioned in Persian texts.
See CINGHIS, p. 339.
- Arġun people.
See ARGON (2), p. 48.
- Arġun ('s wife).
See BOLGANA, p. 98.
- Arġun ('s eldest son was Ghazan).
See CAÇAN, p. 120.
- Arġun-aqa : a famous governor of Persia.
See LAC, p. 760.
- « Arigi ».
See AVIGI, p. 57.
- « Ariora Chiesiemar » : identified with Agror, is an *idolum libri*.
See CHESCEMIR, p. 242.
- *Arġi'ü : must be a Hsi-Hsia name.
See ERGIUUL, p. 647.
- Arġiš : town on the north-eastern side of the Lake of Van.
See ARÇIÇI, p. 46.
- *Arġü : must be a Hsi-Hsia name.
See ERGIUUL, p. 647.
- ARMÉNIE.
Armenia. The name of the Armenia seems to have been unknown to the Chinese.
See p. 51.
- armesie : Engl., name of a textile, from the name of Hormuz.
See CURMOS, p. 582.
- armesino : It., name of a textile, from the name of Hormuz.
See CURMOS, p. 582.
- armezim : Port., name of a textile, from the name of Hormuz.
See CURMOS, p. 582.
- Armīniyah : the Arabic form for Armenia.
See ARMÉNIE, p. 51.
- armoisin : French, name of a textile, from the name of Hormuz.
See CURMOS, p. 582.
- armosin : French, name of a textile, from the name of Hormuz.
See CURMOS, p. 582.
- armosyn : Engl., name of a textile, from the name of Hormuz.
See CURMOS, p. 582.
- armozeen : Engl., name of a textile, from the name of Hormuz.
See CURMOS, p. 582.
- « Armusa » : (or « Armuza ») in Camoëns, for Hormuz.
See CURMOS, p. 580.
- « Armuz » : occurs in several works of the 16th cent. for Hormuz.
See CURMOS, p. 580.
- « Armuza » : (Huwārezmī, c. 833) this is copied from Ptolemy.
See CURMOS, p. 577.
- « Armuza » : (or « Armusa ») in Camoëns, for Hormuz.
See CURMOS, p. 580.
- « Armuzia » : in St. François Xavier, for Hormuz.
See CURMOS, p. 580.
- *Aros : the name of the Russians was not this but Urus or Oros.
See COTAN, p. 416.
- arqar : Turk. Rubrouck's « arcali », Mong. *arjali*, the *Ovis Poli*. Equated to « ercolin » by Yule.
See ERCOLIN, p. 644.
- arratel : Portuguese form of *raṭl*.
See CANTAR, p. 158.
- arrelde : Spanish form of *raṭl*.
See CANTAR, p. 158.
- Arsacide kingdom (The) : transcribes Arsak.
See ALAINS, p. 18.
- « Arsengan » : in Simon de St Quentin.
See ARÇINGAN, p. 47.
- « Arsenen » : in Rubrouck.
See ARÇINGAN, p. 47.
- « Arseron » : (Erzerum) in Simon de St-Quentin, in Hethum.
See ARGIRON, p. 47.
- Arslan : Alan prince's troops.
See ALAINS, p. 19.
- « Arso » : of Witsen. Equivalent to Ê-êrh-chiao.
See ERGIUUL, p. 646.
- « Artākiyā » : altered form of *Āgriqaya in Hōndāmīr.
See EGRIGAIA, p. 641.
- « Arulad » : (Chinghiz-khan, « qa'an of the »); this absurd form comes from corrupt reading of « Kōdā'ā-aral ».
See CINGHIS, p. 321.
- Aruqtai : was an Asut (important part in Mongol history in the first half of the 15th cent.).
See ALAINS, p. 24.
- Aruqtai : A-lu-t'ai in the *Ming shih*.
See CINGHIS, p. 344.
- « Arya » : Northern Iranians called later Ala-
See ALAINS, p. 18.
- Aryan : root of « Irōn ».
See ALAINS, p. 18.
- « Arzegan » : in Fra Mauro.
See ARÇINGAN, p. 47.
- « Arzerone » : (Erzerum) in Pegolotti.
See ARGIRON, p. 47.
- « Arzerum » or « Erzerum » : on the Genoese Map.
See ARGIRON, p. 47.
- « Arzinga » : in Pegolotti.
See ARÇINGAN, p. 47.
- Arzingan : (Polo mentions « buckram » at).
See BUCKRAM, p. 110.
- Arzinjan : in Rašīdu-'d-Dīn.
See « Arménie », p. 51.
See ARÇINGAN, p. 47.
- « Arziron » or « Arceron » : in Odoric.
See ARGIRON, p. 47.
- « Arzizi » : or Arġiš or « Arçiçi ».
See ARÇIÇI, p. 46.
- As or « Aas » or As, or Āś : for « Ows » in Mussulman medieval writers.
See ALAINS, p. 17.
- As or Āl-As (« The Ās ») : other interpretation of the name « As ».
See ALAINS, p. 18.
- asānkhayya : *sēng-ch'i* enters into transcriptions based on Prakrit forms of it.
See ÇANGHIBAR, p. 599.
- Asān-tāmūr : he engaged a campaign against Burma in 1287 of which Polo gives an account.
See NESCRADIN, p. 794.
- ASCIAR.
Original *Ašar, which remains unidentified.
See p. 52.
- « asciscin » : other form of « assassin ».
See ASSASSIN, p. 52.
- Asiani : ? = Wu-sun.
See ALAINS, p. 18.
- ASIDIN SOLDAN.
This must be Ghiyāthu-'d-Dīn Balaban of Delhi (1265-1286).
See p. 52.
- Asizia : an island in the vicinity of Nebile.
See FEMELES (ISLAND OF WOMEN), p. 674.
- Aspidium barometz* : name given to a fern which would be *Agnus Scythicus*.
See COTTON, p. 256.
- Assam : it may be one of the eight kingdoms of Lesser India.
See INDIE, p. 750.
- ASSASSIN.
From an original form meaning « consumer of *hašīš* » (consumer of Indian hemp).
See p. 52-55.
- assassin : (examples without *h*-).
See ASSASSIN, p. 53.