- *Jurjen: (or *Jurčen) this is Chu-lichên (Ta-Chin kuo chih). See CIORCIA, p. 371.
- Jurji: (or Jorji) this form occurs only in the Sino-Persian Vocabulary of the Ming period. See CIORCIA, p. 366.
- jurum: pl. of Ar. jarm; large barges on the Nile. See ÇERME, p. 606.
- *Jusen: this pronunciation, seemingly rendered by Chu-hsien (= Nü-chih) c. 1500 need not to have been the pronunciation of the 11th and 12th cent.

 See CIORCIA, p. 377.
- jūšen, juše: the name Chu-shên is this Manchu word meaning «Manchu servants» and «family people». The connection between this class-name and the name of the Jurčen is very doubtful.

 See CIORCIA, p. 378.
- jūdānah : reading of Ibn Baţţūţah's hardālah. See FANSUR, p. 670.
- Jübä (or Čübä) : by Waśśāf, it is Čübäi. See CIBAI and CABAN, p. 263.

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NES CHARCIA, p. 367.

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- Jübäi : or Čübai, brother of Qaban and son of Aluγu.
- See CIBAI and CABAN, p. 262. Jürčä: (Rašīd) they are the Chin. See CINGHIS, p. 315.
- Jürčä: (or Jürčät) the name survived only as the designation of eastern Manchuria.

 See CIORCIA, p. 387.
- Jürčä: it cannot be said if Rašīd's form for «Ciorcia» must be transcribed in that way or Čürčä.
- See CIORCIA, p. 366.

 « Jūrčāb » : (or « Čūrčāb ») this is a misreading for Rašīd's Jūrčā or Čūrčā.
- See CIORCIA, p. 366. Jürčädäi : Chinghiz-khan handed over to him his wife Ibaka-bäki. See CINGHIS, p. 303.
- Jürčādāi : (< *Jürčā[n] + dai)
 this is the derived adjectival
 form of Jürčāt in the Secret
 History.

See CIORCIA, p. 367.

*Jürčä[n]+dai : > Jürčädäi (Secret History).

See CIORCIA, p. 367.

Jürčät: this is the form required by the Chinese phonetic transcription Chu-êrh-ch'ê.

See CIORCIA, p. 367.

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- Jürčät: this form occurs always in the Secret History. See CIORCIA, p. 367.
- Jürčät: this is probably not the form represented by the Uighur name rendered as Čurčät.

 See CIORCIA, p. 367.
- Jürčät: (Mong. form of Jürčä) the name survived only as the designation of eastern Manchuria. See CIORCIA, p. 387.
- Jürjät: (or Čürčät) this form of the Nuzhab al Qulūb is a misreading. See CIORCIA, p. 366.
- Jūj-u-Mājūj : Gog and Magog. It is a double name. See GEL, p. 733.
- ja: (or jä) the regular value in transcription of the character pronounced tu and shê (*d'ź'ia). See COTAN, p. 421.
- jada: (or yada) means « Regenstein »; it is not connected with « jade ».

 See COTAN, p. 424.
- Γηών (or Jīhūn): one of the 4 rivers flowing from Paradise identified with both the Oxus and the Nile. See ETHIOPIA, p. 650.

See CAPPIL of 120.

See CIACATAL p. 152.