

- *Jurjen : (or *Jurčen) this is Chu-li-chên (*Ta-Chin kuo chih*).
See CIORCIA, p. 371.
- Jurji : (or Jorji) this form occurs only in the Sino-Persian Vocabulary of the Ming period.
See CIORCIA, p. 366.
- jurūm : pl. of Ar. *jarm*; large barges on the Nile.
See ÇERME, p. 606.
- *Jusen : this pronunciation, seemingly rendered by Chu-hsien (= Nü-chih) c. 1500 need not to have been the pronunciation of the 11th and 12th cent.
See CIORCIA, p. 377.
- jūšen, juše : the name Chu-shên is this Manchu word meaning « Manchu servants » and « family people ». The connection between this class-name and the name of the Jurčen is very doubtful.
See CIORCIA, p. 378.
- jūdānah : reading of Ibn Baṭṭūṭah's *hardālah*.
See FANSUR, p. 670.
- Jübā (or Čübā) : by Waśśāf, it is Čübāi.
See CIBAI and CABAN, p. 263.
- Jübāi : or Čübāi, brother of Qaban and son of Aluyu.
See CIBAI and CABAN, p. 262.
- Jürčā : (Rašid) they are the Chin.
See CINGHIS, p. 315.
- Jürčā : (or Jürčät) the name survived only as the designation of eastern Manchuria.
See CIORCIA, p. 387.
- Jürčā : it cannot be said if Rašid's form for « Ciorcia » must be transcribed in that way or Čürčā.
See CIORCIA, p. 366.
- « Jürčāb » : (or « Čürčāb ») this is a misreading for Rašid's Jürčā or Čürčā.
See CIORCIA, p. 366.
- Jürčādāi : Chinghiz-khan handed over to him his wife Ibaka-bāki.
See CINGHIS, p. 303.
- Jürčādāi : (< *Jürčā[n] + dai) this is the derived adjectival form of Jürčät in the *Secret History*.
See CIORCIA, p. 367.
- *Jürčā[n]+dai : > Jürčādāi (*Secret History*).
See CIORCIA, p. 367.
- Jürčät : this is the form required by the Chinese phonetic transcription Chu-êrh-ch'ê.
See CIORCIA, p. 367.
- Jürčät : this form occurs always in the *Secret History*.
See CIORCIA, p. 367.
- Jürčät : this is probably not the form represented by the Uighur name rendered as Čürčät.
See CIORCIA, p. 367.
- Jürčät : (Mong. form of Jürčā) the name survived only as the designation of eastern Manchuria.
See CIORCIA, p. 387.
- Jürjät : (or Čürčät) this form of the *Nuzhab al Qulüb* is a misreading.
See CIORCIA, p. 366.
- Jū-u-Mājūj : Gog and Magog. It is a double name.
See GEL, p. 733.
- Ja : (or jā) the regular value in transcription of the character pronounced *tu* and *shê* (*d'z'ja).
See COTAN, p. 421.
- Jada : (or yada) means « Regenstein »; it is not connected with « jade ».
See COTAN, p. 424.
- Γηών (or Jihūn) : one of the 4 rivers flowing from Paradise identified with both the Oxus and the Nile.
See ETHIOPIA, p. 650.