

- *Kapitha : mentioned by Hsüan-tsang and also known as Sāh-kāśyā.
See FEMELES (ISLAND OF WOMEN), p. 698-699.
- « kapok » : this is the Malay *kāpuq*, *kāpoq*, « floss of the silk-cotton tree ».
See COTTON, p. 436.
- *kappāi : Prākṛit corresponding to Pali *kappāsi*, supposed by *kappāik^a corresponding to *kappāsika*.
See COTTON, p. 441.
- *kappāi : (< *kappāsi*) > **kupāi*, the form as which the Indian name of the cotton reached the Chinese.
See COTTON, p. 442.
- *kappāi : can easily be reconciled with **kupāi*.
See COTTON, p. 442.
- *kappāik^a : Prākṛit form which is probably represented by the original of *chieh-po-yü*.
See COTTON, p. 441.
- *kappāiuk : an original like this is supposed by *chieh-po-yü*.
See COTTON, p. 441.
- kappāsa* : Pali (Skr. *karpāsa*).
See COTTON, p. 434.
- kappāsa* : Pali; all the forms of the *kāpas* type can be accounted for starting from it.
See COTTON, p. 437.
- kappāsa* : Pali; the Chinese translations of *karpāsa* are based on Prākṛit forms beginning like it.
See COTTON, p. 441.
- kappāsa* : Pali form for « cotton ».
See FANSUR, p. 665.
- kappāsi* : feminine Pali form, « cotton », corresponding to Prākṛit **kappāi*, supposed by **kappāik^a*.
See COTTON, p. 441.
- kappāsi* : this is the original of the form as which the Indian name of the cotton reached the Chinese.
See COTTON, p. 442.
- kappāsika* : Pali adjectival form, « made of cotton », corresponding to Prākṛit **kappāik^a*.
See COTTON, p. 441.
- kappaṭa* : Pali (Skr. *karpaṭa*) « tattered rag ».
See COTTON, p. 437.
- kapur* : Jav., « cotton ».
See COTTON, p. 436.
- kappura* : Pali (Skr. *karpūra*).
See COTTON, p. 436.
- kappūra* : according to Lokotsch, the Prākṛit form of *karpūra*. It is the Pali form, perhaps formed on a Pre-Aryan word very close to an original Indonesian form of the *kapur* type.
See FANSUR, p. 665.
- kapu* : Singhalese, « cotton ».
See COTTON, p. 437.
- kapur* : the Javanese word for « camphor ».
See FANSUR, p. 665.
- kapur barus* : Jav. the name of the camphor of Sumatra.
See FANSUR, p. 662.
- kapūr* : another Malay word, most likely Indonesian, meaning « lime », « plaster ».
See FANSUR, p. 665.
- kapūr* : the Malay word for « camphor ». Abo in most of the modern Indian dialects.
See FANSUR, p. 665.
- kapūs* : Marathi, « cotton ».
See COTTON, p. 437.
- kar-sa-pa-na* : Tib. for Skr. *kārṣā-paṇaḥ*; is worth 1600 cowries.
See COWRIES, p. 561.
- karāṇa* : (Skr.) wrongly supposed to be an etymology of Qaraunas.
See CARAUNAS, p. 184.
- karānī* : (Hindī) wrongly supposed to be an etymology of Qaraunas.
See CARAUNAS, p. 184.
- « Karakhon khidon » : wrongly said by Blochet to be the « Manchu equivalent » of « Mongolian Kara Khitat ».
See CARAUNAS, p. 185.
- « Karakitai » : (« Black Kitai ») often mentioned by Plan Carpine.
See CATAI, p. 216.
- « Karaoun-khidoun » : (now Karahotun) supposed by Quatremère to be the origin of Qaranut (or « Qaravnas »?); it never existed, and is a misreading for Qaraun-ḡidun.
See CARAUNAS, p. 185.
- karaso* : Uighur version for the « p'o-lü unguent ».
See FANSUR, p. 666.
- « Karatouski? » : for « Caratouski » (camp of).
See CINGHIS, p. 319.
- « Karaveneh » : Quatremère's transcription of a Persian form of the Mongol period for Qaraunas, which must be transcribed Qarauna.
See CARAUNAS, p. 184.
- « Karavunas » : occurs once in Armenian chronicles, for Qaraunas.
See CARAUNAS, p. 184.
- « Karawinas » : (or Karawunas) Hammer says they were the « artificers » of the Mongol army, or « throwers of naphtha fire ». But it was never a pronunciation of Qaraunas.
See CARAUNAS, p. 184.
- « Karawunas » : (or « Karawinas ») wrongly connected with Qaraunas by Hammer.
See CARAUNAS, p. 184.
- « Karawunas » : regular Armenian transcription of Qara'una, pl. Qara'unas.
See CARAUNAS, p. 186.
- « Karâyân » : wrongly supposed to be the name of Yün-nan among the Mussulmans of Central Asia.
See CARAGIAN, p. 170.
- karbos* : Yidya-Munji, « cotton ».
See COTTON, p. 435.
- karippu kal* : Dravidian term for the evil hours, there is no phonetic connection to « uciacha » or « coiach ».
See COIACH, p. 397.
- karmazin* : Russian; Mong. *ḡarminjin* may represent it.
See CREMOSI, p. 565.
- karmir* : Arm., « red », < Middle Pers. *kalmir*.
See CREMOSI, p. 564.
- karmil* : Hebr., « red », < Middle Pers. *kalmir*.
See CREMOSI, p. 564.
- **karmir* : > Middle Persian *kalmir*, « red ».
See CREMOSI, p. 564.
- karm'ir* : Sogd., « red », < Middle Pers. *kalmir*.
See CREMOSI, p. 564.
- karmir* : it is difficult to believe that Fr. *carmin* is derived from it.
See CREMOSI, p. 564.
- karpas* : Hebrew, borrowed from Skr. *karpāsa*, « cotton ».
See COTTON, p. 433.
- karpāsa* : « cotton », rendering of *po-tieh* in a Sino-Sanskrit vocabulary of the T'ang period.
See COTTON, p. 433.