

- karpāsa* : (> *kārpāsa*) usual Sanskrit word for cotton and cotton goods of any sort.
See COTTON, p. 433.
- karpāsa* : the word reached China, from the south, as *chi-pei*, or more usually *ku-pei*, in pre-T'ang and T'ang texts.
See COTTON, p. 435.
- karpāsa* : the word stands isolated in Indo-European languages.
See COTTON, p. 436.
- karpāsa* : occurs in the Chinese translations of Buddhists texts as *chieh-pei-so*, *chieh-po-yü* and *chieh-pei*.
See COTTON, p. 440.
- karpāsa* : this never occurs as such in Chinese Buddhist texts.
See COTTON, p. 441.
- karpāsa* : Skr. « cotton ».
See FANSUR, p. 665.
- karpaṭa* : Skr., « tattered rag », perhaps derived from the Indo-European root **kerp-*.
See COTTON, p. 437.
- karpura* : Skr. « camphor ».
See FANSUR, p. 662.
- karpūra* : Skr., very similar to *karpāsa*.
See COTTON, p. 436.
- karpūra* : Skr., « camphor ». Said to be origin of *kāfūr*.
See FANSUR, p. 665.
- karpūrarasa* : the Sanskrit name of a mixture with a camphor basis.
See FANSUR, p. 666.
- karṣa* : the traditional equivalence of the *kārṣāpaṇa* with one... of 16 *maṣa* is not in agreement with the scale of 1600 cowries.
See COWRIES, p. 362.
- karṣa* : a weight of 16 *māṣa*; the weight of one *kārṣāpaṇa*.
See COWRIES, p. 561.
- karṣa* : originally a weight, has survived as the name of a copper coin.
See COWRIES, p. 563.
- karsab* : identical to *kawkah*, *küksab* (or *kükasb*) and perhaps *qarquwi*.
See FANSUR, p. 670.
- karvasē* : Yidya-Munji, « cotton ».
See COTTON, p. 435.
- « Karwānis » : there is very little likelihood that it represents Polo's « Carauanas ».
See CARAUNAS, p. 187.
- kas* : name of the Chinese copper « cash » in Cambodian.
See COWRIES, p. 563.
- « Kasbin » : this is Qazvin and cannot be the « Caspei » mountains of Odoric.
See COTTON, p. 522.
- « Kash » : the explanation of *cacholong* with this River name is a very small error.
See COTAN, p. 424.
- « Kashkār » : the name *Kāṣyār* occurs in this form in the history of Mār Yahbalaha III.
See CASCAR, p. 209.
- Kasogy : designation of the Circassians in old Russian.
See ÇIC, p. 607.
- kastaj* : probably mistaken for « cowry » and meaning coco-fibre.
See COWRIES, p. 532.
- **kaš* : *chia-shih*.
See COWRIES, p. 563.
- Kašān : where is Aḥmad's tomb. (?)
See ACMAT (2), p. 12 and CARAUNAS, p. 183.
- *Kašang : K'o-shang, Chinese transcription of *Kāšān*.
See CAXAN, p. 236.
- *Kašgiri : Ch'ieh-shih-ch'i-li or Chia-shih-chi-li must be restored as this form.
See CASCAR, p. 204.
- Kašyār : (an embassy was projected to be sent there.)
See ALAINS, p. 24.
- « Kašinghar » : given as the twenty-fifth Nestorian metropolitan see in a list of c. 1349; another list of the 13th cent. gives « *Kāsemgar* »; probably a wrong duplication for *Kāṣyār*.
See CASCAR, p. 209.
- kašīš* : is probably « casses »; it is a priest of the secular clergy. *kašīš* is its Persian form.
See CASSES, p. 214, 215.
- kašīšān* : by *Waššāf*, they are the non-Mussulman « priests », in Hang-chou.
See CASSES, p. 215.
- « *Kašīšin* » : in Hebrew, for « assassin ».
See ASSASSIN, p. 53.
- Kašmīr : used indifferently with *Qašmīr* for our Kashmir.
See CHESEMIR, p. 242.
- « *Katay* » : occurs in Marignolli, for « Catai ».
See CATAI, p. 216.
- katāyīkos* : form under which *catholicos* appears in Yaqut.
See JATOLIC, p. 754.
- kathulikos* : name in Armenian of the *catholicos*.
See JATOLIC, p. 754.
- katī* : equivalent to 20 ounces (*liang*), the English « catty ».
See FANSUR, p. 668.
- katun* : Germ. and Pol., derived from Arabic *qoṭon*.
See COTTON, p. 426.
- **kaucapa* : Skr., a kind of « woolen blanket » or « carpet », Ch. *ku-ch'ê-po-chia*.
See COTTON, p. 452.
- **kaucapa* : this was proposed as a Skr. original of *koj'ava*, *košava*. Ch. *ch'ü-shu* may be a transcription of it.
See COTTON, p. 492.
- kaucapaka* : derivative form of **kaucapa*, occurs in Chinese as *ku-ch'ê-po-chia* and *kao-chê-p'o*.
See COTTON, p. 492.
- kaucava* : this is Ch. *kao-chê-p'o*; it was not a cotton stuff.
See COTTON, p. 492.
- Kau *finjan* : ? = Kao Ho-shang in *Rašīdu-'d-Dīn*.
See ACMAT (1), p. 11.
- kaūlam* : this word given in the *Burhan-i Qaṭī'*, meaning in Persian « black pepper », is the name of Quilon.
See COILUM, p. 402.
- Kaūli : by *Rašīdu-'d-Dīn*, for *Kaoli*, Korea.
See CAULI, p. 234.
- « *Kaunchi* » : one of *Jōci*'s great-grandsons; comes from mis-readings of forms standing for *Qoniči*.
See CONCI (< *CONICI), p. 404.
- Kauṇḍinya* : sometimes transcribed *Chü-lun* in Chinese.
See ÇANGHIBAR, p. 600.
- kaurī* : Hind. < Skr. *kaparda*, our word « cowry » comes from it.
See COWRIES, p. 532.
- « *kaurī* » : this form for *kawdah* is misleading.
See COWRIES, p. 532-533.
- Kauśambī* : (king of), called *Mahāsena*, mentioned in a prophecy about the cruel kings who will destroy the Buddhist Law.
See CINGHIS, p. 288.