

- kauṣeya* : Skr.; Ch. *chao-hsia* is not a transcription of it.
See COTTON, p. 453.
- **kauṣumbaka* : its definition would not refer to cotton.
See COTTON, p. 492.
- kava* : Fijian, « string ».
See COTTON, p. 436.
- kavaḍḍa* : Prākṛit < Skr. *kaparda*.
See COWRIES, p. 532.
- « *kavaḍi* » : (« Sansk... ») read « Mah-rati *kavḍi* »; Ar. *wad'ah*, *wada'a* is not a corruption of it.
See COWRIES, p. 532.
- kavaḍi* : Tamil, « cowry ».
See COWRIES, p. 532.
- kavaḍiya* : Singh. < Skr. *kaparda*.
See COWRIES, p. 532.
- **kavḍa* : < Prākṛit *kavaḍḍa*, correctly rendered by *kawḍah*.
See COWRIES, p. 533.
- kavḍā* : (*kavḍi*) Maharati < Skr. *kaparda*.
See COWRIES, p. 532.
- kavḍi* : (*kavḍā*) Maharati < Skr. *kaparda*.
See COWRIES, p. 532.
- kawḍah* : « cowry », occurs sometimes for *kawḍah* in Ar.; occurs in Persian.
See COWRIES, p. 532.
- kawḍah* : (or *kūḍa*) « cowry ».
See COWRIES, p. 532.
- kawḍah* : this form is a correct rendering of Prākṛit *kavaḍḍa* > **kavḍa*.
See COWRIES, p. 533.
- kawḍah* : sometimes written *kaw-dah*, regularly entered in Arabic dictionaries.
See COWRIES, p. 532.
- kawkab* : identical to *karsab*, *kūksab* (or *kūksasb*) and perhaps *qarquwi*.
See FANSUR, p. 670.
- Kayāl : (the poor village of old).
See CAIL, p. 130.
- Kayan-Kullam : this is not « Little Quilon », which is Quilon.
See COILUM, p. 401.
- Kayan-Kullam : this cannot be connected to Singili. It was a port a few miles north of Quilon.
See COILUM, p. 401.
- « Kayan Kulam » : (or « Kain Colan ») this cannot be connected to « Singuyli », Singili.
See COILUM, p. 401.
- « Kayre » : in Hethum, for Cairo.
See CHAIERO, p. 237.
- Kazak : (Kozak) Russ. < Qazaq, the Kirghiz.
See CINGHIS, p. 331.
- Kazan.
See BOLGARA, p. 99.
- Kazan : (Josafat Barbaro explains by « kettle » the name of the town of).
See CAÇAN, p. 119.
- kāfra* : Slavonian form of camphor.
See FANSUR, p. 664.
- *Kāp-miet : Ko-mieh, the Khmêr or Cambodians (Hui-lin).
See ÇANGHIBAR, p. 599.
- kābbas* : Khmer < *kāppas*, secondary form derived from Pali *kappāsa*.
See COTTON, p. 436.
- kābū* : (or *kabukābū*) Malay, « cotton »; probably connected with but not directly traceable to Skr. *karpāsa*.
See COTTON, p. 436.
- « Kāčyar » : secondary form for Kāšyar, attested at an early date in an adjective of origin Kājyarī (? or Kāčyarī).
See CASCAR, p. 206.
- Kāčyarī : or Kājyarī, adjective of origin.
See CASCAR, p. 206.
- kāfūr* : the Arabic word from which « camphor » is derived. Traced back by etymologists to Skr. *karpūra*. Seems an arabicized form adopted by the Persians. Probably directly borrowed from Indonesian form *kafur* or perhaps from *karpūra*, Skr.
See FANSUR, p. 664-665.
- kāyīkos* : a form of *catholicos* met in 1189-90.
See JATOLIC, p. 754.
- kāhan* : worth 1280 cowries, modern representative of the *kārṣāpaṇa* of 1 600 cowries.
See COWRIES, p. 561.
- kāhan* : (< *kārṣāpāṇa*) the modern scale of 16 *paṇ* (< *paṇa*) to one... goes back at least to the beginning of the 9th cent.
See COWRIES, p. 562.
- kāhāvaṇa* : *kārṣāpaṇa*, = 1 600 cowries.
See COWRIES, p. 561.
- Kāil : pronunciation of Kāyal, established by Mussulman and Western sources.
See CAIL, p. 130.
- Kāin-Kūlam : for Kayan-Kullam, in Arabic sources of the first half of the 16th cent.
See COILUM, p. 401.
- Kājyarī : adjective of origin which attests « Kāčyar » at an early date.
See CASCAR, p. 206.
- kākaṇa* : Pali (Skr. *kākaṇi*, *kākiṇi*, = 20 cowries).
See COWRIES, p. 561.
- kākaṇi* : Skr.; Tib. *ka-ka-ni*; is worth 20 cowries.
See COWRIES, p. 561.
- kākaṇikā* : (and *kākaṇa*) Pali (Skr. *kākaṇi*).
See COWRIES, p. 561.
- kākiṇi* : Skr.; is worth 20 cowries.
See COWRIES, p. 561.
- Kāmpē : in Sumatra, identified? with Ch'ien-po.
See CAMBAET, p. 140.
- kāmū* : (Yule, for « camut ») the word is doubtful; its would-be Turk. form *kāmi* is unknown.
See CAMUT, p. 157.
- kāpas* : Malay word for « cotton ».
See FANSUR, p. 665.
- kāpoq* : (*kāpuq*) Malay, « floss of the silk-cotton tree »; probably connected with but not directly traceable to Skr. *karpāsa*.
See COTTON, p. 436.
- kāpuk* : (*kāpoq*) Malay, « floss of the silk-cotton tree »; may be connected with but not directly traceable to Skr. *karpāsa*.
See COTTON, p. 436.
- kāpur* : Mal. word for « cotton ».
See COTTON, p. 436.
- kāpur bārus* : Malay. The name of the camphor of Sumatra.
See FANSUR, p. 662.
- kāpūr*, *kapūr* : in modern Indian dialects.
See COTTON, p. 436.
- kāpūr* : Maharati form of *kapūr*.
See FANSUR, p. 665.
- kāpus* : Guzrati, « cotton ».
See COTTON, p. 437.
- kārpās* : (and *kapās*) Beng., modern form.
See COTTON, p. 436.
- kārpāsakam* : this is the only form registered in the *Mahāvvyupatti* (and not *karpāsa*).
See COTTON, p. 441.
- kārpāsi* : a strict line cannot be drawn between its value and that of *kārpāsa*.
See COTTON, p. 453.