

- kharostī, kharoṣṭī, kharostrī* : names, in the Indian mss., of the writing created by the mythic ṛṣi Kharoṣṭha. See CASCAR, p. 198.
- Kharoṣṭra or *Kharoṣṭrag : there may not have been a country of this name. See CASCAR, p. 199.
- « Kharoṣṭra » : by Levi, for the Ch'ieh-lu-shu-ta-lo of Hui-yüan, who considered it as a geographical name. See CASCAR, p. 197, 198.
- *Kharoṣṭrag : the restored form « Kharoṣṭra » is probably an iranized form like that. An iranized form equivalent to Skr. *kharoṣṭha* would be it. See CASCAR, p. 197, 198.
- Kharoṣṭrag : (or Kharoṣṭha) legendary name, perhaps of Iranian origin, it never was a name of Kāṣṭar. See CASCAR, p. 199.
- « Kharoṣṭa » : (ṛṣi) an astronomer, addresses the congregation in a text in « mixed » Prakrit of Khotanese origin. See CASCAR, p. 198.
- Kharustr : mentioned in an Armenian text as the initiator of astronomy in Chaldea. It is probably the astronomer Kharoṣṭha. See CASCAR, p. 199.
- Khas : name of the Gurkhas of Nepla. See CASCAR, p. 203.
- Khasa : original of Ch'ieh-sha, occurs in Indian texts as a designation of hill-tribes of the Himalayan regions. Nowadays, Khakha tribes to the W. and N. W. of Kashmir. See CASCAR, p. 203.
- « Khasṭha » : they are mentioned by Al-Birūnī as people who are born from the trees. See COTTON, p. 519.
- Khaṣa : the original which renders Hsüan-tsang's Ch'ieh-sha. Occurs in Indian texts. Was not brought into connection with Kāṣṭar before the end of the 6th cent. See CASCAR, p. 202, 203.
- Khaśa : in the Sanskrit text of the *Avatamsaka*, translated once, in 696-699, as Shu-lo (Kāṣṭar.) See CASCAR, p. 198.
- Khaśa : original of Ch'ieh-sha, occurs in Indian texts, as a designation of hill-tribes of the Himalayan regions. Was not brought into connection with Kāṣṭar before the end of the 6th cent. See CASCAR, p. 203.
- *Khaśagairi : proposed by Bur-nouf, may be partly the true etymology of the name « Kāṣṭar ». See CASCAR, p. 205.
- Khatai : = Cathay, Northern China. See FEMELES (ISLAND OF WOMEN), p. 686.
- Khānābād = « Khāna-ābād ». See DOGAVA, p. 626.
- « Khāna-ābād » : (read Khānābād) Pauthier's Dogava. See DOGAVA, p. 626.
- Khāsāg : Osset name of the Circassians. See ÇIC, p. 607.
- Khidun* (or *Ḳarāun J'idun*) : Yule says that the Qaraunas are described as having their original seats near it. See CARAUNAS, p. 185.
- « Khimbū » : this name occurring in a Hebrew document represents Quilon rather than Colombo. See COILUM, p. 399.
- Khotamna : (or Khotana) name of Khotan in Kharoṣṭhī documents. See COTAN, p. 410.
- Khotan : (see « Cotan »). See BADASCIAN, p. 65.
- Khotan : the ancient capital began five miles north by west of the new Chinese town of Khotan. See COTAN, p. 414.
- Khotan : Mu-li-yen led his tribe there. See FEMELES (ISLAND OF WOMEN), p. 689.
- Khotan : T'u-yü-hun Mu-li-yen after leaving the Po-lan hat to escape in this country. See FEMELES (ISLAND OF WOMEN), p. 691.
- Khotan : according to the *Sui shu*, 3000 *li* south of this country one arrives at the Kingdom of Women. See FEMELES (ISLAND OF WOMEN), p. 695.
- Khotan : it is at 9670 *li* from the capital. See FEMELES (ISLAND OF WOMEN), p. 698.
- Khotan : a kingdom. See FEMELES (ISLAND OF WOMEN), p. 699.
- Khotan : near Suvarṇagotra. See FEMELES (ISLAND OF WOMEN), p. 703.
- Khotan : in Gardēzī's Persian text of 1050-1052 an itinerary is given from Kāṣṭar to this place. See YARCAN, p. 877.
- Khotan : on March 8, 1274 « thirteen water postal relays were established there and at Ya-ēr-h-k'an ». See YARCAN, p. 878.
- « Khotan » : this is Polo's « Cotan. » See COTAN, p. 408.
- « Khothan » : (or « Khoten ») given as the vulgar name of « Gosthan » in a Tibetan text. See COTAN, p. 411.
- « Khotan » : in the statement that cotton was introduced from there in the 11th cent., it is perhaps a mistake for « Kao-ch'ang » = Turfan. See COTTON, p. 505.
- Khotana : (or Khotamna) name of Khotan in Kharoṣṭhī documents. See COTAN, p. 410.
- « Khoten » : (or « Khothan ») given as the vulgar name of « Gosthan » in a Tibetan text. See COTAN, p. 411.
- « Khoton » : Filisof speaks of Western Chinese Turkestan as « the Khoton towns » and « the... country ». See COTAN, p. 417.
- « Khotoni Khoton » : this seems to be Hoton-i Hoton, « Hoton of Hoton ». See COTAN, p. 417.
- *Khōtan : (or *Khutan) supposed by *K'juet-tân, Hsüan-tsang's Ch'ü-tan. See COTAN, p. 411.
- Khulun(-nōr) : is also called Dalai-nōr. See BARSCOL, p. 84.