

- Kulam** : (or Kollam) this is the name meant by Ch. Ko-lan (= Quilon).
See COILUM, p. 400.
- ***Kulam** : (or *Kulom) this is the Chü-lan of YS, for Quilon.
See COILUM, p. 400.
- kulapatri** : this Sanskrit term, given with the meaning of « cotton tree », does not exist.
See COTTON, p. 430.
- kulapatriśasu** : corrupt Sanskrit term, rendered in Chinese as (the Buddha's) « hands were like *tou-lo-mien* ».
See COTTON, p. 430.
- kulau** : (*palau, kalāu*) Cham, « island »; *culao* in Culao Cham
See CONDUR, p. 406.
- « **Kullam** » : this is « Coilum », Quilon, in Tamil.
See COILUM, p. 399.
- ***Kulom** : this is Ch. Ku-lin, for Quilon.
See COILUM, p. 400.
- * **Kulom** : (or *Kulam) this is the Chü-lan of YS, for Quilon.
See COILUM, p. 400.
- « **Kulurum** » : this is the Kerulen.
See CINGHIS, p. 330.
- Kulūta** : speaking of the region of the upper Sutej, Hsüan-tsang had devoted a notice on it, and transcribed it Ch'ü-lu-to.
See FEMELES (ISLAND OF WOMEN), p. 706.
- « **Kumani** » : this occurs sometimes in the Russian chronicles for the Comans.
See COMAIN, p. 402.
- Kumārī** : Skr., the name of Cape Comorin comes from it.
See COMARI, p. 403.
- Kumbil** : the remains of Hormuz lie near this hamlet (ten miles south of Mināb).
See CURMOS, p. 577.
- Kumharī** : Arabic form of the name of Cape Comorin.
See COMARI, p. 403.
- kumis, kumiz** : or *qumīz*, mare's milk.
See CHEMIS, p. 240.
- kumīz(a)** : mentioned in Russian chronicles as the word for mare's milk.
See CHEMIS, p. 240.
- Kun-ming** : to the south-east of this place, there is a Kingdom of Women, where apes are taken as husbands.
See FEMELES (ISLAND OF WOMEN), p. 679.
- Kun-mo** : (« Kouen omo », Kun-po) this is probably the lake to the south of the Shuang-ch'üan-hai.
See CINGHIS, p. 325.
- « **Kun-nor** » : read Gūn-nōr.
See CINGHIS, p. 325.
- Kun-po** : (« Kouen omo », Kun-mo) this is probably the lake to the south of the Shuang-ch'üan-hai.
There is another Kun-po in inner Mongolia (Gūn-nōr).
See CINGHIS, p. 325.
- K'un-lun** : a notice of it = Pulo Condor, is given in 1349/1350 by the *Tao-i chih-liao*.
See CONDUR, p. 405.
- K'un-lun** : Chinese name of the island Pulo Condor.
See CONDUR, p. 405.
- K'un-lun** : it might be that the name was first applied to Culao Cham and transferred to Pulo Condor only at a later date.
See CONDUR, p. 407.
- K'un-lun** : barbarians of the southern islands mentioned by Hui-lin; general designation of southern Indo-Chinese and Indonesian races.
See ÇANGHIBAR, p. 599.
- K'un-lun** : African Zāngi came to be known in China under this name.
See ÇANGHIBAR, p. 600.
- K'un-lun** : we cannot yet tell what was the original of the word.
See ÇANGHIBAR, p. 600.
- « **K'un-lun** » : marked on the early 15th cent. Chin. map as Pulo Condor.
See CONDUR, p. 405.
- « **K'un-lun** » : (« Mount »...) said in the *Tao-i chih-liao* to be the same as K'un-lun = Pulo Condor, and to have an other name « Mount Chün-t'un ».
See CONDUR, p. 405.
- « **K'un-lun** » : (« Sea of »...) name given in the Chinese texts to the sea south of Pulo Condor towards the Straits.
See CONDUR, p. 405.
- K'un-lun Mountains** : according to the Chinese legend, Hsi-wang-mu, the « Mother-Queen of the West », had there her abode, in the vicinity of which flowed the « Weak River ».
See FEMELES (ISLAND OF WOMEN), p. 697.
- K'un-lun Mountains**.
See FEMELES (ISLAND OF WOMEN), p. 698.
- K'un-lun Mountains** : associated with the « Weak River ».
See FEMELES (ISLAND OF WOMEN), p. 719.
- K'un-lun Ts'êng-ch'i** : mentioned in Chou Ch'ü-fei's *Ling-wai tai-ta* (1178).
See ÇANGHIBAR, p. 600.
- K'un-lun Ts'êng-ch'i** : this is probably not a genuine compound name transmitted from Africa.
See ÇANGHIBAR, p. 601.
- K'un-lun Ts'êng-ch'i** : mentioned by Chou Ch'ü-fei (1178).
See MOGEDAXO, p. 780.
- K'un-tu-yeh-pou-la** : (*Kündüi-bulaq) Ho-shih-la halted there (YS).
See CINGHIS, p. 321.
- ***Kunam** : (or *Kunom) = Chü-nan, to be read instead of Pei-nan in YS.
See COILUM, p. 400.
- Kundur** : Sundur has been explained as the outcome of this > K'undur > Čundur > Şundur.
See CONDUR, p. 406.
- Kundur** : (< Kundurung) Polo heard both names, this one and the Arabic Şundur.
See CONDUR, p. 407.
- Kundur** : there might be some connection between this name and that of Şundur.
See CONDUR, p. 407.
- Kundurung** : = the « Sea of Kundurunj » of the early Arabic travellers.
See CONDUR, p. 405.
- Kundurung** : this is probably Pulo Condor.
See CONDUR, p. 406.
- ***Kundurung** : (Chün-tu-lung of Chinese transcriptions of the 8th cent.); probably the old name of Pulo Condor.
See CONDUR, p. 405-406.
- « **Kundurunj** » : (« Sea of »...) this is the « Sea of K'un-lun » by the early Arabic travellers.
See CONDUR, p. 405.