

- « Mogelasio » : it is Mogadišo.
See MOGEDAXO, p. 780.
- Mogh* : (*moy*) « palm », in the Hormuz dialect.
See CURMOS, p. 579.
- « Mogistan » : « Mūyostān », « Mūyistān ».
See CURMOS, p. 579.
- « Mogolistan » : in Fra Mauro, for the Persian coast opposite the island of Hormuz.
See CURMOS, p. 579.
- « Mogolistan » : an alteration of Moγ-āstān into this is hard to admit.
See CURMOS, p. 580.
- « Mogostam » : occurs in Teixeira's translation of the Chronicle of the Kings of Hormuz and in his extracts from Mirhōnd.
See CURMOS, p. 579.
- « Mogostam » : could represent a shortened form of *Mōγōlistān or Moγōlistān.
See CURMOS, p. 580.
- moy* : (*Mogh*) « palm », in the Hormuz dialect.
See CURMOS, p. 579.
- Moγ-āstān : Ibn Baṭṭūṭah's form.
See CURMOS, p. 579.
- « Moγ-āstān » : there is no explanation for the use of this form; an alteration into « Mogolistan » is hard to admit.
See CURMOS, p. 580.
- « Moγistān » : or « Mūyostān » (Ibn Baṭṭūṭah).
See CURMOS, p. 579.
- *Moγistān : there is no explanation for the use of this form.
See CURMOS, p. 580.
- « Moγol » : the name was retained by the eastern half of the Moγol, when the name « Čayatai » was restricted to the western half.
See CIAGATAI, p. 254.
- Moγolistān : usually in Persian for « Mogolistan », « Land of the Mongols ».
See CURMOS, p. 580.
- Moγōlistān : (or *Mōγōlistān) « Magostam » or « Mogostam » could represent a shortened form of it.
See CURMOS, p. 580.
- Moγūl : Persian form of the name of the Mongols.
See CURMOS, p. 580.
- Mohammedans : under the Mongol dynasty, there were regular officers attending to their affairs.
See FUGIU, p. 728.
- moh* : (*Moch*) « palm », in the neighbouring dialects of Hormuz.
See CURMOS, p. 579.
- « Moḥor-Sosa » : writing of « Čayān Siosa » in *Altan tobči*. The true equivalent is « White Hsiao-ssū », « White Small Servant ».
See FACFUR, p. 661.
- Mokša : name of a Mordvan tribe.
See ALAINS, p. 19.
- **moku-men* : Ch. *mu-mien* ought to have given this form in Japanese.
See COTTON, p. 461.
- momen* : the history of this Japanese name of cotton is hard to trace.
See COTTON, p. 461.
- Mona-ḥan : this mountain mentioned on the northern bank of the Huang-ho must be the Muna-ḥan.
See CINGHIS, p. 344.
- Mona hojo* : (« Mona promontory »), this must be the « swollen place of the Muna ».
See CINGHIS, p. 344.
- Mona-kōgābūr : the rendering « region of the Mona » seems inadequate.
See CINGHIS, p. 344.
- Mona qošō : = *Mona hojo*, « Mona promontory ».
See CINGHIS, p. 344.
- Mona qoši'un : > *Mona qošō* = *Mona hojo*, « Mona promontory ».
See CINGHIS, p. 344.
- MONGATAI.
He would be a Naiman, whose biography is given in YS, 131, 2 a-3 a, if his name was Nangi-dai. Or this name represents Manghutai whose biography is given in YS, 131.
See p. 781-783.
- Mongka (Submission of Čayān-balyasun under).
See ACHBALUCH, p. 9.
- Mongka : who conquered Mieh-ch'ieh-ssū (*Mākās).
See ALAINS, p. 19.
- Mongka : cf. about the city of Mieh-ch'ieh-ssū.
See ALAINS, p. 19.
- Mongka.
See ALAODIN, p. 25.
- Mongka : according to Yule, he died of an arrow wound in Ho-chou. Polo should have mistaken him for Chinghiz. There are objections to this reasoning.
See CAAGIU, p. 114.
- Mongka : (election and enthronement of).
See CAIDU, p. 126.
- Mongka : spoken of as « master of the earth and the sea » by Stephen Orbelian.
See CINGHIS, p. 301.
- Mongka : twenty thousand men would have been killed when he was brought from Ssü-ch'uan to Mongolia.
See CINGHIS, p. 329.
- « Mongka-ḥan » : by Rašīdu-'d-Dīn (but : « Qubilai-qaān »).
See CINGHIS, p. 302.
- Mongka-tāmūr : T'u Chi wrongly supposed that he was the father of Čübāi.
See CIBAI and CABAN, p. 263.
- *Monγoltai : (? , *Monγutai?) Mēngku-tai (YS).
See ČAITON, p. 589.
- ? Monγoltai (or *Monγutai) : the new Mongol name of Shih T'ien-lin.
See CAIDU, p. 126.
- *Monγutai : (? , *Monγoltai?) Mēngku-tai (YS).
See ČAITON, p. 589.
- Monsharrarius : is Mount Ararat in Armenia.
See BARIS, p. 80.
- « Mons Barrarius » : the line of separation between the two Franciscan and Dominican archbishopric.
See BARIS, p. 80.
- « Mont Barcar » : in Cordier.
See BARIS, p. 80.
- « Mont Vers » : it is the spelling in F of the « Green Hill ».
See GREEN HILL, p. 739.
- Montecorvino.
See ALAINS, p. 23.
- « Monte d'Ely » : or Mount Dely.
See ELCIDAI, p. 642.
- « Monte d'Ely » : « Mount Dely », a promontory jutting into the sea some 16 miles north of Cananore.
See ELI, p. 642.
- « monte Gordico » : in Ramusio A.
See BARIS, p. 79.
- « Monteharrario » : in Golubovich.
See BARIS, p. 80.