

- qara süldä* : « black flag » (of the Lord), its standard-bearer was an Ordos man.
See CINGHIS, p. 352.
- qara-täyin* : Turkish word for « black squirrel ».
See ERCOLIN, p. 644.
- Qara-tün : it may be that it was a designation of the woody region immediately east of the Tula.
See CINGHIS, p. 325.
- « Qara-tün of the Tula » : this seems to be Jō-modo, one of Chinghiz-khan's favourite resorts.
See CINGHIS, p. 324.
- Qara-Yūsuf : « charaisuf ».
See DRY (LONE) TREE, p. 635.
- Qarā-Hülün : « Black Hulun », name given, in Erdmann's translation, to the land of Darkness. It is surely a misreading of Qarānyülūq « Darkness » in Turkish.
See DARKNESS (PROVINCE OF), p. 616-617.
- Qarā-Ĥitai : empire founded by a member of the Imperial family when the Ch'i-tan emperor was dethroned by the Jučen in 1125. Its history is crammed with uncertainties.
See CATAI, p. 221.
- « Qarā-Ĥitai » : Rašidu-'d-Dīn transferred this name to the Ch'i-tan who had remained in China.
See CATAI, p. 227.
- Qarā-ĥōjah : for Qarā-ĥōjo, by Juwainī and some times Rašid. This form is now prevalent in Chinese Turkestan.
See CARACHOÇO, p. 162.
- Qarā-hōjo : (Agiul's campaign against).
See AGIUL, p. 15.
- Qarā-ĥōjo : most probably « the ancient land of Kao-ch'ang ». Was conquered about 790 by the Tibetans. Southern capital of a new Uighur kingdom.
See CARACHOÇO, p. 163.
- Qarā-ĥōjo : (in 1419-1421, Šāh-Rūḥ's envoys still found Buddhists at). In 1275 or 1285, Qaidu and Dua besieged the Uighur idī-*qut* in his capital.
See CARACHOÇO, p. 164.
- Qarā-qōjo (or Qarā-ĥōjo) : the ancient Uighur capital, about 17 miles east of Turfan.
See CARACHOÇO, p. 161.
- Qarā-qōjo : the form, at least in Chinese transcription, occurs already in the second half of the 13th cent. Many mentions of that city in the YS.
See CARACHOÇO, p. 161.
- Qarā-Ĥwājah : mentioned in a translation of Rašidu-'d-Dīn as near Čayān-nör.
See CIAGANNOR, p. 247.
- Qarā-qōrüm, Qarā-qörüm : (Persian writers, beginning with Juwainī and Rašidu-'d-Dīn, give forms ranging from... to...).
See CARACOROM, p. 165.
- Qarānyülūd : « Darkness » in Turkish.
See DARKNESS (PROVINCE OF), p. 618.
- Qarāšahr (then Yen-ch'i) : (the population of the Turfan region, at the beginning of the Christian era, must have spoken the same language as the people of).
See CARACHOÇO, p. 163.
- qarayuna* : name of a tree, from which a mountain mentioned in « Sanang Stesen » derives its name.
See CARAUNAS, p. 185.
- « Qaramān » : (mountains), mentioned by Abū-'l-Fidā.
See CARAMANI, p. 182.
- Qaramān : (dynasty), established in Caramania c. A. D. 1223.
See CARAMANI, p. 182.
- Qaramān : a district in Asia Minor, « Caramania » in RR; the name goes back to the Türk-mān prince Qaramān or Qarā-mān.
See CARAMANI, p. 182.
- Qaramānī Mehmed Pasha : († 1481), so called because he was born in Caramania.
See CARAMANI, p. 182.
- Qaramānli : the ethnical name derived from Qaramān in Osmanli Turkish.
See CARAMANI, p. 182.
- *Qaran : i.e. K'o-lan.
See ALAINS, p. 17.
- Qaranut : a Qonyrat tribe, connected by Quatremère with « Qaravnas »? = Qaraunas. It can only be the plural of a *Qaranun, *Qaranur or *Qaranul. They are known only through Rašidu-'d-Dīn, but there are different readings (Qaratut); even this form cannot have any phonetic connection with Qaraunas.
See CARAUNAS, p. 185.
- Qaraqorum : city.
See ALTAI, p. 30.
- Qaraqorum :
See FEMELES (ISLAND OF WOMEN), p. 686.
- « Qaraqorum » : in the Georgian chronicle, for Qara-qorum.
See CARACOROM, p. 165.
- Qaratut : pl. of *Qaratun, another reading of the Qaranut mentioned by Rašidu-'d-Dīn.
See CARAUNAS, p. 185.
- Qaraul : name given to the pass of Chia-yü-kuan (W. of Su-chou) by Šāh-Rokh's envoyes.
See TOSCAOR, p. 860.
- « Qaraun », « Qaraut » : (= Qaraunas) derived by Berezin either from Mong. *qarau*, *qara'u*, or from *qarayuna*, name of a tree.
See CARAUNAS, p. 185.
- Qaraun-ĥidun : occurs in the *Secret History*, transcribed as « Caroun Tchidoun » by D'Ohsson.
See CARAUNAS, p. 185.
- Qaraun-ĥidun, Qara'un-ĥidun : (written Qarayun-ĥidun) *qara'un* is a regular Mongol word, derived from *qara*, « black ». There is no reason to connect it with the name of the Qara-'una.
See CARAUNAS, p. 186.
- Qarauna : another form for Qaraunas in Persian texts of the Mongol period.
See CARAUNAS, p. 184.
- Qarauna : an emir called so was put to death in 1329 and another lived at the beginning of the 15th cent.
See CARAUNAS, p. 187.
- Qarauna : misreading for an Arabic plural of Qazwīnī, « the people of Qazwīn ». The « Qarauna name *oros* » quoted from the *Nuzhatu-'l-Qulūb* is the Qazwīn name *avirs*, the juniper-tree.
See CARAUNAS, p. 188.