

- Qītā** : sometimes for **Ĥitā**, designation of China in Mussulman countries.  
See CATAI, p. 220.
- Qo'ajin-bāki** : or **Qojin-bāki**, daughter of Chinghiz-khan; an union had been projected between her and Ong-khan's grandson Tusaqa.  
See CINGHIS, p. 303.
- qobi** > **γobi** : meant « desert », our Gobi.  
See ESCA, p. 648.
- qobūzčīān** : the form gives a good sense, « player of *qobuz* ».  
See CHEMIS, p. 240.
- Qočo** : a writer of the Mongol period, Ou-yang Hsüan, derives **Qočo** from Kao-ch'ang.  
The form is now well attested in medieval Turkish texts.  
See CARACHOÇO, p. 161.
- Qočo** : Pelliot derived it from Kao-ch'ang. It is well attested in mediaeval Turkish texts.  
See CARACHOÇO, p. 161.
- qoγ** : a dialectical form of *qou* in Radlov's dictionary.  
See ESCA, p. 647.
- « **Qoinči** » : misreading of **Qoniči**.  
See CONCI (< \*CONICI), p. 404.
- Qōjin-bāki** : Chinghiz-khan's daughter; an union had been projected between her and Ong-khan's grandson Tusaqa.  
See CINGHIS, p. 303.
- Qomān** : name given to the Comans in 1154 by Edrisī.  
See COMAIN, p. 402.
- Qomāniya** : name of the country of the Comans according to Edrisī in 1154.  
See COMAIN, p. 402.
- Qomr** : (**Qomor**) this cannot be the original of **K'un-lun**.  
See ÇANGHIBAR, p. 600.
- Qomr** : (in Central Asia) > **Qāmrūn** (in Indo-China and Indonesia) > **Qomr** (at Madagascar and on the oriental coast of Africa); erroneously theory to explain **K'un-lun** in **K'un-lun Ts'êng-ch'i**.  
See ÇANGHIBAR, p. 600.
- Qomul** : Ha-mi (an embassy was projected in 1463 to be sent there).  
See ALAINS, p. 24.
- « **Qomül** » : general pronunciation of the name « **Camul** ».  
See CAMUL, p. 153.
- Qomül** : name of a place given in the itinerary from Činānčkat to **B.γ-šīrā**.  
See « **Camul** ».  
See QUIAN-QUIANSUI, p. 819.
- « **Qončy** » : this is **Qoniči**.  
See CONCI (< \*CONICI), p. 404.
- Qonggirat** : = **Onggirat**.  
See UNGRAT, p. 869.
- Qongqotan** : branch of the **Ornaut**.  
See APUSCA, p. 44.
- Qonγrat** : name of a tribe.  
See BOLGANA, p. 98.
- Qonγrat** : tribe to which the **Qaranut** belonged; a **Qonγrat** is mentioned in Persian as an *emir* of the **Qaraunas**, but it does not mean that the **Qaraunas** were a branch of the **Qonγrat**.  
See CARAUNAS, p. 185.
- Qonγrat** : (or **Onγrat**) this cannot be the name represented by « **Cotroco** ».  
See COTROCO, p. 425.
- Qonγrat** : Čabui belonged to this tribe.  
See CUBLAI, p. 568.
- Qonγrat** : the tribe to which **Nan-bi** belonged.  
See CUBLAI, p. 568.
- Qoniči** : this is the original of **Polo's** « **Conci** »; there were two of them; the one that **Polo** speaks of is **Sartaqtai's** son.  
See CONCI (< \*CONICI), p. 404.
- Qonici** : King who had territories to the south of the « **Province of Darkness** ».  
See « **Conci** ».  
See DARKNESS (PROVINCE OF), p. 616.
- Qoniči-oγul** : « **Prince Qoniči** », wrongly given as « **Kotchiogoul** ».  
See CONCI (< \*CONICI), p. 404.
- qonqu** : Chinese title of Čabui mentioned by **Rašid**; it renders *huang-hou*.  
See CUBLAI, p. 568.
- Qonyā** : this is **Polo's** **Como** (< \***Coine**), « **Konieh** » on our maps.  
See COMO (< \*COINE), p. 403.
- qoqbō** : this is certainly the reading for Uighur « **kokpu** ».  
See COTTON, p. 434.
- qoqpō** : (or **qoqbō**) this is certainly the reading for Uighur « **kokpu** ».  
See COTTON, p. 434.
- qorči** : « **quiver-bearers** » in Mongol history.  
See BONDOCDAIRE, p. 10.
- qorγuda'uluqsan gār** : « the house where one has been made to hide ».  
See CINGHIS, p. 351.
- qorγula-** : (*qoru'ula-*) word used for « to seek refuge », « to hide ».  
See CINGHIS, p. 351.
- Qori-buqa** : name of a Tatar chief in the *Secret History*, mentioned as **Quru-buqa** in other sources.  
See CINGHIS, p. 294.
- Qori-Tumat** : **Qorilartai-mārgān** was their lord.  
See CINGHIS, p. 338.
- qori-** : Turk., Mong., « to enclose », « to guard », « to forbid ».  
See CINGHIS, p. 338.
- qoriγ** : Turk., occurs in **Kāšγari** as « **tabooed precinct** ».  
See CINGHIS, p. 338.
- qorilaldu-** : Mong., « **tabooed precinct** ».  
See CINGHIS, p. 338.
- Qorilartai-mārgān** : according to the *Secret History*, moved to the region of the **Uryangqai** lords of the **Burqan-qaldun**.  
See CINGHIS, p. 337.
- qoriq** : Mong., for Turk., **qoriγ** « **tabooed precinct** ».  
See CINGHIS, p. 338.
- qoriq** : « **taboo precinct** »; the root of the word meaning « to hide » is perhaps the same as this one.  
See CINGHIS, p. 351.
- « **Qoriq** » : (« **Great** ») this one was **Chinghiz-khan's** tomb., as distinguished from other **qoriq**.  
See CINGHIS, p. 338.
- qoriqči** : Mong., the keepers of Mongol cemeteries.  
See CINGHIS, p. 339.
- Qoriqči** : occurs as the name of an individual.  
See CINGHIS, p. 339.
- Qorqonaq-Jubur** : (of the **Onon**) a « **leafy tree** » is mentioned there in the *Secret History*.  
See CINGHIS, p. 335.