

- Levant (*continued*)—
 10, 32, 36, 44, 63, 84, 246, 270, ii.
 50, 376, 466, 477, 491, 494
 Lewchew, ii. 391n
 Lewis, *see* St. Lewis
 Lewis XI. and XII. (France), i. 398n
 Lew-sha, old Chinese name for Lop
 Desert, i. 198n, 201n
 Leyes, *see* Ayas
 Lhásá, ii. 45n, 70n, 74n; *Labrang*
 Monastery at, i. 319n
Li, Chinese measure, supposed to be con-
 founded with miles, ii. 193n, 194n,
 209n
 Liampo (Ningpo), ii. 228n, 239n
 Liang, or tael, i. 426n, 427n
 Liang-chau in Kansuh, i. 29n, 276n,
 281n
 Liao dynasty, 12, i. 232n, 288n,
 Liao-tong, i. 289n, 334n, 345n
 Libanos, Λιβανοφόρος and λιβανωτοφόρος
 χώρα, ii. 445n-446n
Libro d'Oro, 14
 Licinius, Emperor, i. 45n
 Lidé (Liti), ii. 297n, 305n
 Lieuli Ho, ii. 6n
 Lign-aloes (eagle-wood), ii. 87, 268;
 etymology, 271n; in Sumatra, 284,
 287n
 Ligor, ii. 278n
Ligurium, the precious stone, *Liguire*, i.
 398n
 Li H'ien, Tartar ruler of Tangut, i. 206n
Likamankwas of Abyssinian kings, ii.
 348n
 Li-kiang fu, ii. 73n, 90n
Limyrica, ii. 408n
 Lindley, i. 99n
 Lindsay, Hon. R., ii. 46n, 74n
Linga, ii. 370n
 Linju, ii. 140, 141n
 Lin-nga (Hang-chau), ii. 149n, 195n
 Lin-nga in Yun-nan, ii. 120n, 121n,
 129n
 Lintching-y, or Linchingien, ii. 141n
 Lin-t'sing chau, ii. 139n
 Lion and Sun, i. 352n
 Lions, black, ii. 376, 382n, 422
 — on the Oxus, i. 151; Chinese
 notion of, i. 399n
 — (apparently for tigers) kept for the
 chase by Kúblái, i. 397, ii. 31, 42,
 56, 214, 219; skins of striped, i. 405;
 how hunted with dogs, ii. 126. (See
 also Tigers.)
 Lion's Head Tablets, i. 35, 350, 352n
Lire, various Venetian, 66, 71, ii. 591n-
 592n
 — of gold, 73
 Lisbon, ii. 391n
 Lissu, or Lisau tribe, ii. 60n, 90n
 Litai, ii. 301n
 Litán, rebellion of, i. 313n, ii. 136, 138n
 Lithang, ii. 48n, 56n, 67n
 Little Orphan Rock, ii. 174n
 Liu Pang, founder of 1st Han dynasty,
 ii. 32n
 Liu Pei (Luo Pé), of the Han dynasty,
 ii. 32n, 38n
Livre des Merveille, 121, ii. 527n
 Livres of gold, ii. 442
 — Parisis, 90, ii. 590n
 — Tournois, i. 83, 86n, ii. 590n
 Li Yuan-hao, founder of the Hsi Hsia
 dynasty, Tangut, i. 206n
 Lo, tribes of S.W. China so-called, ii.
 123n, 124n, 129n
 — Chinese name of part of Siam, ii.
 278n
 Lob, *see* Lop
 Locac, kingdom of, ii. 276, 277n-280n
 Lockhart, Dr. W., i. 372n, 377n, ii. 8n,
 27n, 82n, 124n
Lokok, ii. 278n-280n
 Lolo tribes, ii. 60n-63n, 69n, 70n, 123n
 Longevity of Brahmins and Jogis, ii. 365,
 369n
 Longfellow, i. 67n
 Lop, city and lake, i. 194, 196; desert,
 196, 197
 Lophāburi, ii. 278n
 Loping, ii. 129n, 130
 Lor, *see* Lúristan
 Lord, Dr. Percival, i. 160n
 Löss, brownish-yellow loam, ii. 14n
 Loups cerviers (lynx), i. 398n
 Low castes, ii. 349-350n
 Lowatong River, ii. 130n
 Loyang, Bridge of, ii. 241n
 Lubán, ii. 446n, 449n
 Lubán-Jáwi, ii. 286n
 Lubán-Shehri, ii. 449n
 Lubbies, ii. 372n
 Lucky and unlucky hours and days, ii.
 364, 368n
 Luddur Deo, ii. 362n
 Luh-ho-ta Pagoda, Hang-chau, ii. 193n,
 194n
 Lukon-Kiao (Hun-ho, Pulisan River),
 ii. 5n, 6n, 8n
 Lukyn Port, ii. 279n, 280n
 Lung-yin, ii. 224n
 Lúristan (Lor, Lur), kingdom of Persia,
 i. 83, 84n; Great and Little, 85n;
 character of Lurs or people of, 87n
 Lusignan, John de, i. 42n
 Lút, Desert of (Dasht-i-Lut), i. 124n,
 127, 128n
 Lu-tzü tribe, ii. 82n
 Lynxes, trained to hunt, i. 397, 398n; in
 Cuncun, ii. 31
 MA TWAN-LIN, the Chinese Pliny, i.
 100n, 201n
 Maaden, turquoise mines at, i. 92n
 Maatum, or Nubia, ii. 431n