V. Ast. i. 4. (Transcript and very poor photograph.)

The i-mao day, the twenty-first of the tenth moon, the first day of which is chi-wei, in the ping-wu year, the twentieth of Chêng-kuan¹. Inscription on the tombstone of Chang Yen-hêng, who was hsin-ch'u shih-lang², and subsequently mên-hsia chiao-lang², transferred to the post of Magistrate of Wu-lin, then to that of Ling-chiang chiang-chian and Recorder to the Board of []; later on he was made Senior Secretary to the Board of Public Granaries, after which he became Magistrate of Wu-lin as before. When the Great House of Tang consolidated its imperial sway, its gracious bounty extended to the elders 4, and he was invested with the dignity of chi-tu-wei⁵. [He died] at the age of eighty-two.

VI. Ast. ix. 4. (Transcript and good photograph, Pl. CXXVII.)

On the kêng-tzŭ day, the twentieth of the fifth moon, the first day of which is hsin-ssŭ, in the mou-shên year, the twenty-second of Chêng-kuan 6, Wang Huan-yo, who was hsin-ch'u yün-chi-wei 7, [died] at the age of sixty-

1 3 December, 646.

² Officials in the Imperial Household. For 新除, see P'ei wên yün fu, ch. vi, f. 136 vo.

3 A hyperbolical expression meaning literally 'General who marches across rivers'. See the account of Kao-ch'ang in 北史 Pei shih, ch. xcvii, f. 7 v°, where five grades of General are enumerated, namely 建武, 威遠, 陵江, 殿中, and 伏波. Professor O. Franke wrongly takes these to be place-names ('Eine chinesische Tempelinschrift',

p. 26).

- ⁴ Of the ancien régime: old men who had done good service under the preceding dynasty.
 - ⁵ See Inscription No. IV, note 9.
 - 6 16 June, 648.
- One of those official posts without corresponding functions which were originally called 散官 'sinecure offices', and under the T'ang dynasty 劃官 'offices conferred for merit'.