

On *May 28th*, we travelled W. S. W. and S. S. W. for 12.7 km. up the valley of the *Soma-tsangpo* to *Camp CCCCXIV, Sok-yung*, where the altitude is 4,714 m., or 21 m. above the previous camp, being a rate of 1:605. Pan. 502A and B, Tab. 94, does not contain any considerable mountains. Some of those surrounding the camp are called *Meri* or *Menri*, *Nagrang-* or *Nagräng-ri* and *Rabalu*, belonging to the *Teri-nam Range*, which here is cut through by the *Soma-tsangpo*.

On *May 29th*, we marched 17 km. W. S. W. on rising ground to *Camp CCCCXV, Goa-lung*, where the altitude is 5,022 m. The ascent is 308 m. and the rate, 1:55.

On *May 30th*, our march continued westward, first 6.2 km. to *Goa-la*, with an altitude of 5,298 m., being a rise of 276 m. and a rate of 1:22.4. From the pass we had 9.4 km. to *Camp CCCCXVI, Changsa-lungpa*, at an altitude of 5,035 m., the fall being 263 m. and the rate 1:36. Pan. 503, Tab. 94, was drawn from *Goa-la* to the S. E., south and S. W. and it gives, again, the impression of a stormy sea of waves. From a hill 3.3 km. west of *Goa-la*, Pan. 505A and B, Tab. 94, was drawn. This panorama is interesting as it contains the newly-discovered lake *Karong-tso* of very irregular form, with islands and rocky promontories, and well hidden in a labyrinth of ranges, ridges and hills. The whole next day's journey we had the lake south of our route, though it was in sight only occasionally. A watercolour sketch gives an idea of this lake. Pan. 504, Tab. 94, finally, is taken from *Camp Changsa-lungpa*.

On *June 1st*, we continued 13.7 km. west, leaving behind us the mountain mass, the highest part of which was *Goa-la*. *Camp CCCCXVII, Tamo-yakshung*, was at an altitude of 4,725 m., the descent thus being 310 m., and the rate, 1:44. Pan. 506, Tab. 95, is drawn from this camp.

On *June 2nd*, our road goes west and S. W. for 20.6 km. to *Camp CCCCXVIII, Saglam-lungpa*, at an altitude of 4,786 m. The rise is, therefore, 61 m., and the rate, 1:338. Pan. 508A and B, Tab. 95, taken from the new camp, shows moderate mountains in the vicinity, and no distant peaks. To the S. 50° E. is the valley of *Kero*.

The next day we had 11.7 km. W. S. W. to *Camp CCCCXIX, Gole-tata*, at an altitude of 4,788 m., only 2 m. above *Saglam-lungpa*. The little threshold, *Merke-shung*, on the road has an altitude of only 4,815 m. On Pan. 507A and B, Tab. 95, we find to the S. 17° W. the district, *Bongba-bupto*, entered. To the S. W. and W. S. W. are parts of the mighty *Lunkar Range*, a part of which, to the S. 80° W., has the name *Shangchung-gangri*. The *Tarok-tso* was pointed out as situated to the N. 65° W., though still hidden by mountains. To the N. 10° E. is shown a pass called *Shalung-la*. To the N. 47° E. is a hill, *Gyam-ri*. To the S. 26° E. is a Mount *Risema*, only a few kilometers distant. To the S. 13° E. is another mountain called *Serte-rigy*.