

the *Pedang Range*. Pan. 527A, B and C, Tab. 99, is taken from *Camp CCCCXXXII*. It goes all around the horizon, showing the *Surla Range* to the east and the *Pedang Range* to the west.

On *June 19th*, our road goes along the *Pedang-chu* 22.1 km. N. N. E. to *Camp CCCCXXXIII*, *Tsole-shung*, at an altitude of 4,889 m., a fall of 180 m. at a rate of 1:123. From this Camp we have to note Pan. 526A and B, Tab. 99, being a good view of the western side of the *Surla Range* with some of its comparatively mighty snow-peaks, some of them certainly giving birth to small glaciers.

The next travelling day, *June 21st*, we travelled north to *Shovo-tso*, first 14.4 km. to the pass, *Abuk-la*, 5,084 m. high, a rise of 195 m. at a rate of 1:74. The descent, 6.6 km. to *Camp CCCCXXXIV* on the lake, at an altitude of 4,784 m., was 300 m. and the rate 1:22. Pan. 529, Tab. 100, is taken from *Abuk-la*. It shows the lake *Shovo-tso* in the foreground, and to the north of it considerable mountains, which also are situated to the N. E. of *Nganglaring-tso*. To the N. 30° E. is the important pass *Ka-la*, and to the N. 55° E. another pass called *Tokchen-la*. Pan. 528, Tab. 99, is taken from *Camp CCCCXXXIV* on the shore of *Shovo-tso*, showing the old beach-lines and the valley up to *Ka-la*.

Leaving the lake on *June 22nd*, we marched N. W. for 12 km. to the pass *Tela-mata-la*, 5,160 m. high, or an ascent of 376 m. and a rate of 1:32. On the northern side we had 4.1 km. to *Camp CCCCXXXV*, *Sermo-kunglung*, 5,041 m. high, or a descent of 119 m. at a rate of 1:34. From *Tela-* or *Tele-mata-la* Pan. 530, Tab. 100, was drawn to the S. E. showing a part of the basin of *Shovo-tso* and a portion of the *Surla Range*. Pan. 532, Tab. 100, was drawn to the W. S. W. and W. N. W. from the same pass, showing comparatively moderate mountains.

On *June 23rd*, our journey goes 3.4 km. N. N. W. to *Tayep-parva-la*, 5,452 m. high, a rise of 411 m. at a rate of 1:8.3. Another 3 km. in the same direction take us to *Camp CCCCXXXVI*, where the altitude is 5,119 m., a fall of 333 m. at a rate of 1:9. Both sides of this pass are, therefore, rather steep. Pan. 531, Tab. 100, is a view from *Tayep-parva-la*. The snowy range seen on it to the S. E. and S. S. E. is the *Surla Range*. Pan. 534, Tab. 100, is taken from *Camp CCCCXXXVI*, and gives us the first view of *Nganglaring-tso* along to the N. W. When travelling along only one shore of a lake it is, of course, impossible to get an idea of the whole lake. The form I have given to *Nganglaring-tso* on Pl. 23 will in the future be very much changed. The first surveyor has, however, to make the best of the material he is able to collect. To me and my assistants the panoramas, as *e. g.* No. 534, Tab. 100, have been a great help. On the other hand, the form of the large island with its four promontories seems unlikely. A future detailed mapping of this lake will show how insufficient my observations were.