

Fam. **Elæagnaceæ**

(determ. by OVE PAULSEN).

Elæagnus angustifolia L., Sp. pl. ed. 1 (1753) 121; var. *orientalis* (L.) Dippel; C. Schneider, Handb. Laubholz. II (1912) 410; *C. hortensis* M. B. subsp. *continentalis* Servettaz, in Beit. bot. Centralbl. 25. 2 Abt. (1909) 41.

East-Turkestan, in the Tarim estuary, ab. 830 m., early summer 1900. (»Occurs in all oases and at all rivers in East Turkestan«). Two specimens, one of them appears to be a root-cutting, its leaves are short-petioled, ovate, 2—2,5 cm. long and very stellate-hairy.

Geogr. area: Southern Europe, W.-Asia, High Asia in valleys.

Fam. **Violaceæ**

(determ. by SV. MURBECK).

Viola, ex affinitate *V. Patrini* D. C. et *V. Gmelini* R. & S.

Tibet, without locality, 1896.

Prof. Dr. SV. MURBECK has informed us that together with the two *Gentianas* described by him (see above) was a species of *Viola*, which he did not determine specifically. As the material has disappeared, further information is not possible.

Fam. **Tamaricaceæ**

(determ. by OVE PAULSEN).

Myricaria brevifolia Turczaninow, in Bull. nat. Moscou (1840) 70; Ledeb., fl. ros. II (1844) 132.

East-Turkestan: Bash-kurgan, Camp III, S. of Lop-nor, 2629 m., 5th July 1900 (fruiting).

Northern *Tibet*, Mandarlik, 3437 m., medio July 1900 (flowering).

Geogr. area: Mongolia.

Myricaria germanica (L.) Desv., Ann. Sc. nat. Sér. 1,4 (1824) 349; var.; Ledeb., fl. ros. II (1844) 131; Hook. f., Fl. Brit. Ind. I (1875) 250; Hemsley and Pearson, in Peterm. Mitteil. Ergänzungsbd. 28 (1900) 373; Fedtschenko, in Acta horti Petrop. XXI (1903) 99, XXIV (1905) 18, XXVIII (1909) 32.

N. E. *Tibet:* Harato, northern slope of Tsaidam's southern border-mountains, 3321 m., 5th Oct. 1896 (det. Hemsley et Pearson).

Geogr. area: Europe, Himalaya, Western and Inner Asia.

Myricaria Hedini O. Pauls. nov. sp. (Pl. I, Figs. 3—4). Suffrutex humilis (5—9 cm. alt.) lignosus ramosus. Folia ramulos dense tegentes ca. 2 mm. longa, glabra, plana,