

*Oxytropis cachemirica* Camb., in Jacquem. Voy. Bot. (1844) 38, tab. 44; Hook. f., Fl. Brit. India II (1876) 139; Hemsley and Pearson, in Peterm. Mitteil. Ergänzungsbd. 28 (1900) 373; Hemsley, in Journ. Linn. Soc. 35 (1902) 173; Stewart, in Bull. Torr. Bot. Club, 43 (1916) 637; Fedtschenko, in Acta Horti Petrop. XXI (1903) 307; XXIV (1905) 323; XXVIII (1909) 476.

Northern *Tibet*, Sarik-kol, Kwen-lun, 3469 m., 5th Aug. 1896.

*Geogr. area*: Pamir, Tibet, Kashmir.

*Oxytropis tatarica* Camb., ex Bunge, in Mém. Acad. Imp. Sc. St. Pétersb., VII sér., vol. XXII (1874) 16; Hemsley, in Journ. Linn. Soc. 35 (1902) 174; Stewart, in Bull. Torr. Bot. Club, 43 (1916) 637.

Northern *Tibet*: Kar-yakak-sai, Camp X, 3984 m., 20th July 1900 (flow. and with young fruits); Yapkaklik, Chimen-tagh, 3998 m., 22nd July 1900 (flow. and with young fruits).

*Geogr. area*: High-alpine regions of Asia from Kashmir (Neve) to Kwen-lun (Schlagintweit, no. 12,793) and N. W. Tibet (Hook. f. & Thomson; Schlagintweit no. 7160).

*Oxytropis glabra* (Lam.) D. C., Astralog. (1802) 76, tab. 8; Fedtschenko, in Acta Horti Petrop. XXI (1903) 306 (var. *humilis* Regel et var. *pamirica* B. Fedtsch.); XXVIII (1907) 105, (1909) 475.

Northern *Tibet*, Mandarlik, 3437 m., medio July 1900 (flow); Kash-otak, 2316 m., Aug. 1900 (flow.).

»Von den typischen Formen der *Oxytropis glabra* D. C. weichen die von SVEN HEDIN gesammelten Pflanzen etwas ab durch niedrigeren Wuchs und wenig kleinere Blüten. Es handelt sich jedoch um jugendliche Exemplare, die in allen anderen Merkmalen mit den typischen Formen der Art gut übereinstimmen.« (Dr. ULBRICH'S note).

*Geogr. area*: On the steppes from S. Ural (Lessing) and Mugodsha (Al. Lehmann) to Turkestan (Regel), Altai (Gebler, C. A. Meyer), Songaria (Schrenk, Ledebour), Dahuria (Herb. Bernhardi), eastwards to Transbaicalia (Herb. Schweinfurth; Karelin & Kirilow, Turczaninow) and southwards to N. W. Himalaya (A. Meebold no. 1543) and W. Tibet (Schlagintweit no. 5629; Hook. f. & Thomson).

*Oxytropis pagobia* Bunge, in Mém. Acad. Sc. St. Pétersb., VII sér., vol. XXII (1874) I, no. 28; Fedtschenko, in Acta Horti Petrop. XXI (1903) 304; XXVIII (1909) 474.

Eastern *Pamir*, on the moraines of the Korumde glacier, Mus-tagh-ata, 4367 m., 27th July 1894 (flow.); Kara-jilga, valley and spring at Basik-kul, 3727 m., 24th July 1894 (flow.).

*Geogr. area*: From Alai Mountains (Fedtschenko, ex Bunge) through Pamir to E. Turkestan (A. Regel).