

Eastern *Pamir*, Yam-bulak-bashi glacier on Mus-tagh-ata, 4439 m., 29th July 1894 (flowering).

Northern *Tibet*, Yapkaklik, Camp XI, Chimen-tagh, 3998 m., 22nd July 1900 (flowering); the large latitudinal valley, ca. 4800 m., autumn 1896.

Geogr. area: Afghanistan, Persia, Himalaya, Tibet; Abyssinia.

Elymus dasystachys Trin., ex Ledeb., Fl. Altaica I (1829) 120; Ledeb., Fl. Ross. IV (1853) 333; Hemsley, in Journ. Linn. Soc. 35 (1902) 205; Hemsley and Pearson, in Peterm. Mitteil., Ergänzungsbd. 28 (1900) 375; Stewart, in Bull. Torrey Bot. Club 43 (1916) 628; Keissler, in Ann. Naturhist. Hofmuseum, Wien (1907) 32; Fedtschenko, in Acta Horti Petrop. XXI (1903) 435, XXIV (1904) 144, (1905) 347, XXVIII (1907) 124.

East-Turkestan, Southern Tsaidam, Toghde-gol, 2731 m., 17th Oct. 1896.

Geogr. area: Altai and Baical regions, Pamir and W. Tibet.

Hordeum secalinum Schreb., Spicil. Fl. Lips. (1771) 148; *H. pratense* Rchb.; Ledeb., Fl. Ross. IV (1853) 328; Fedtschenko, in Acta Horti Petrop. XXI (1903) 423, XXIV (1904) 144, (1905) 347, XXVIII (1907) 24; *H. nodosum* »L.«; Stewart, in Bull. Torrey Bot. Club 43 (1916) 628.

East-Turkestan, without locality, 1900 (flowering). The name of the plant is »Yapchan«, and it occurs in many places of the Lop-nor district, as evident from names of several places, e. g. Yapchanlik-köl.

Geogr. area: Temperate and southern Europe, Caucasus, Inner and W. Asia to Tibet, N. and S. Africa, N. and S. America.

Fam. Scheuchzeriaceæ

(determ. by C. H. OSTENFELD).

Triglochin maritima L., Sp. pl. ed. 1 (1753) 339; Ascherson und Graebner, Syn. Mitteleurop. Fl. I (1897) 376; Stewart, in Bull. Torrey Bot. Club (1916) 626; Fedtschenko, in Acta Horti Petrop. XXI (1903) 420, XXIV (1905) 344, XXVIII (1909) 506.

Northern *Tibet*, Mandarlik, 3437 m., medio July 1900 (flowering); spring near Camp VII, Temirlik, 2992 m., 10th July 1900 (sterile).

Geogr. area: The temperate regions of North America and Eurasia, southwards to the Mediterranean, Asia Minor, Persia, Afghanistan, Pamir, Tibet, Japan; Tierra del Fuego.

Fam. Potamogetonaceæ

(determ. by the Rev. O. HAGSTRÖM).

Potamogeton perfoliatus L., Sp. pl. ed. 1 (1753) 126; Ascherson und Graebner, Potamogetonaceæ, in Das Pflanzenreich IV, 2 (1907) 92; Hagström, in Bot. Notis. (1905) 141; in Kgl. Sv. Vet. Akad. Handl. 55 (1916) 254.

East-Turkestan, Yarkand-Darya, Sorun-köl, 7th Oct. 1899.

Geogr. area: Temperate regions of the northern hemisphere; India; Australia.