

THE CONSTITUTION OF THE UNITED STATES

Article I, Section 1. All legislative Powers herein granted shall be vested in a Congress of the United States, which shall consist of a Senate and House of Representatives.

Section 2. The House of Representatives shall be composed of Members chosen every second Year by the People of the several States, and the Electors in each State shall have the Qualifications requisite for Electors of the most numerous Branch of the State Legislature.

Section 3. The Senate of the United States shall be composed of two Senators from each State, chosen by the Legislature thereof, for six Years; and each Senator shall have the Qualifications requisite for Senators of the most numerous Branch of the State Legislature.

Section 4. The Times, Places and Manner of holding the Elections of Senators and Representatives, shall be prescribed in each State by the Legislature thereof; but the Congress may at any time by Law alter or amend such Regulations.

Section 5. The Congress shall determine the Rules of the Proceedings of the Senate and of the House of Representatives, and the Rules and Quorum of each of them shall be determined by a Majority of each respectively.

Section 6. The Senators and Representatives shall receive a Compensation for their Services, to be ascertained from Time to Time by each of them respectively.

Section 7. The Congress shall assemble at least once in every Year, and such Meeting shall begin at Noon on the first Monday in December, unless they shall by Law provide for another Day within the last three Months of the Year.