

*Kausaki-prajñā-pāramitā*, Skr. MS. fr. of, 1449.

Kayāsh, Khotan canton, statistics of population and cultivation of, 1319 n. 2.

Kaz-atā, legendary hero recognized in rock pinnacle, 1302. *See* Kuwaghiz.

*Keen-too*, capital of *Ch'ü-lé* (q.v.), 1323.

KELLY, Col., fight of, at Nisar-gol, 46.

Kelpin, oasis, 1304; water-supply limited and unchanged, 1304 sq.; extension of cultivated area, 1304; population markedly unlike Kirghiz, 1304 n. 6; their evil reputation, 1304; anthropometric records of, 1352 sqq.; physical conditions near K., 708; route to K. from Uch-Turfān, 1302, 1304; ruined sites adjoining K., 1305; desert S. of K., 1306; antiques acquired at K., 1306, 1313; Chinese coins purchased, 1306 sqq., 1347.

*kemer*, vaulted rooms, in Turfān, 1161.

Kenk, wrong form of Ketek (q.v.), 219 n. 12.

KENYON, Sir Frederic, Director of British Museum, help given by, xx.

Keriya, district, 211, 1263; anthropometric records of, 1352 sqq.

Keriya River, 241, 245; line of Dawāns parallel to old bed of, 1239 sq.; N. end of dead delta, 1240; signs of human occupation, *ib.*; possibility of route to Tārim R., *ib.*; changes in river-bed, 1242; course above Yoghankum, 1245.

Ketek: name applied to old sites in Tārim Basin, 219 n. 12. *See also* Katak, Kōtek-shahri.

Ketek-sheer, *see* Kōtek-shahri.

*keltmans*, Turkestan hoes, 411, 608.

key pattern, *see* designs.

keys: iron, (N. of Lop-nōr) 367; wooden, (Khādalik) 186, 191, 193, 195; (Mazār-toghrak) 205, 209; (Mīrān) 466, 477 sq., 480; (Yār-khoto) 1168, 1175; (Farhād-Bēg-yailaki) 1256, 1260; (Mazār-tāgh) 1286, 1288, 1292 sq., 1295. *See also* locks.

Kha. = Khādalik, q.v.

Khādalik: shrines of, 154 sqq.; first finds due to Mullah Khwāja, 154; description of site and remains, 155-62; comparison with Dandān-oilik and Niya, 155 sq., 159, 160-2, 164-7; with Rawak and Ak-terek, 164 (*see also* Ch'ien-fo-tung); with Kara-yantak, 1262; account of antiques, 163-7; Descriptive List, 167 sqq.; MSS. found, 154 sq., 158-61, 163 sq., 1432 sqq. (*see also* Pōthīs, tablets); Tibetan records prove Tibetan occupation, 162; mural paintings and plaster analysed, 1390 sq.; Chinese coins found at, 159, 1343, 1349 sq.; abandonment of K., 159, 491; of settlements near, 199 sq.; minor ruins near, 196 sqq.; tamarisk cones near, 198 sq.; limitation

of explorations around, 200; final destruction of ruined shrines by irrigation, *ib.*; reclamation of land near, 1267. *See also* decorative motifs, Stūpas.

Khaidu-gol, river, feeds Kara-shahr lake, 1179.

Khaidu-gol valley, belts of cultivation in, 1224.

Khairullah, Chitrāl ruler, 33, 51; identical with Shāh Khairullah, Bādshāh, 33.

Khākān-shahri (Tumshuk), pottery fr. found at, 1315.

Khākānning-shahri, Stūpa ruin and ruined forts of, 81 sq. *See also* Stūpas.

Khalche, hamlet, 94.

Khalpat, new oasis, 1265.

'khām', rough cotton material, 167, 170, 172.

*Khamil*, *see* Hāmi.

Khanambal, *see* Anambar.

Khandūt, remains of ancient fort near, 64; name spelt *Kundut* by Wood, 64 n. 23. *See also* *Hun-t'o-to*, Sad Khandūt, Zamr-i-ātish-parast.

Khara-nōr, lake, 564 n. 16; erroneously believed to be termination of Su-lo Ho, 576; ruined towers by, *ib.*; section of Tun-huang Limes near, 663, 717 sqq.; volume of outflow from, 719.

Kharkal, *see* Karkat.

Kharoṣṭhī documents: decipherment of Niya docs., 231 sqq.; language, 243; contents of Lou-lan docs., 413 sqq.; language same as in Niya docs., 414; personal names, *ib.*, 415; dates in regnal years, 414; *Kroraina* (q.v.) in, 414-16; method of folding, 671.

clay seals of, (Niya) 216, 229 sqq.

leather documents: (Niya) 218, 250, 278, 383; (Endere) 278, 291.

paper documents: (Lou-lan) 242, 372, 383, 402, 433, 436, 439, 446.

silk document: (Limes), 677, 777.

wooden tablets: (Niya) 213, 216 sqq., 221, 222, 224 sqq., 234 sq., 237 sqq., 242, 247 sqq., 252 sqq., 296, 297 n. 19, 329, 659; (Endere) 270, 276-8, 290, 291; (Lou-lan) 371 sq., 375, 377-80, 383, 385 sq., 400-2, 433 sqq., 659; (Mazār-tāgh) 1289, 1294. *See also* Lou-lan Site, Niya Site; tablets, wooden.

Kharoṣṭhī inscriptions: on cella frescoes, (Mīrān) 516, 518 sq., 521, 529 sqq.; on silk banner, (Mīrān) 495 sq.; on wall-plaster, (Tārishlak) 1279.

'khats', writings: from Khādalik, 154 sq.; from Mazār-toghrak, 205.

Khitai-dawān, pass of, 1325.

Khitai-oilik ('Chinese dwellings'), remains at, 1280; pottery from, 1283.

*Khō*: term in Chitrāl local names, 43; name *Khōwār* (Chitrālī language) derived from it, *ib.* *See also* Chū-wei, *Kuhob*.

Khō, valley, fertility of, 43.

Khōra range, signal-stations along, 1227.

Khōra site: ruins of Buddhist shrines at, 1224 sq.; living quarters, 1225; remains of carved and painted wood, 1225, 1229; Skr. and Kuchean MSS. from, 1224, 1448; other finds, 1224 sq., 1228 sq.

cultivation below, 1224; destruction by fire and water, 1225; ruined Stūpa mound, *ib.*; remains of defensive position, 1226; former agricultural settlement, *ib.*

Khot. = Khotan, q.v.

Khotan oasis: Kharoṣṭhī *Khotana*, 296; *Yü-tien* its ancient designation, 293, 328 sq., 344 n. 26; *Ho-tien* its present Chinese name, 344 n. 26; embassies to China from, 320, 560; links between Tun-huang and Khotan Buddhism, 815 sq.; legends of rat-headed divinity and 'silk princess' referred to, 165, 1277 sq.; princess of Khotan in Ch'ien-fo-tung fresco, 933, 1333; Tibetan MS. fr. of legendary religious history of K., 1471.

population: in Former Han Annals, 335; Indian element in local population, 243; statistics relating to Khotan, 1319 n. 2; anthropometric records, 1352 sqq.

old sites within oasis, 93 sqq.; ruined sites E. and N. of, 1245 sqq.; temple remains N. of, 1272 sqq.; oasis previously extended further N. than at present, 1279.

routes: from Kōk-yār to K., 90; from Kara-kāsh town to, 93; postal stations between Khotan and Ak-su, 1284; route from Marāl-bāshi to K., 1312; Sha-chou-Khotan itinerary in *T'ang-shu*, 298 sq., 306, 320 sq., 327, 342 sq., 620 sqq.; translated by M. Chavannes, 1330; route used after T'ang times, 320.

Khotan River, united bed of Yurungkāsh and Kara-kāsh: volume of water in, 1284; route along, *ib.*; delta of, 1296.

Khotan town (Ilchi): pottery from, 98, 120 sqq.; coins purchased at: Chinese, Sino-Khoroṣṭhī, Muhammadan, and mod. Yārkaṇd, 102, 1341 sq., 1349 sq.; antiques acquired at, 120 sqq.; population and cultivation statistics of K., 1319 n. 2; reasons for return to, 1238; packing of antiques at, 1317. *See also* Yōtkan.

*Khotana*, Khoroṣṭhī form of Khotan, 296.

'Khotanese': term applied to language previously designated 'Unknown Language II', 'North Aryan', 'Eastern Turkeṣṭānī', 'Eastern Irānīan', 814, 914; Khotanese MSS. at Ch'ien-fo-tung indicate connexion between Tun-huang and Khotan Buddhism, 815 sq. coins, *see* Sino-Khoroṣṭhī.

documents, inscriptions, &c., in: