MAP OF PORTIONS OF CHINESE TURKISTAN AND KANSU

TO ILLUSTRATE THE EXPLORATIONS OF

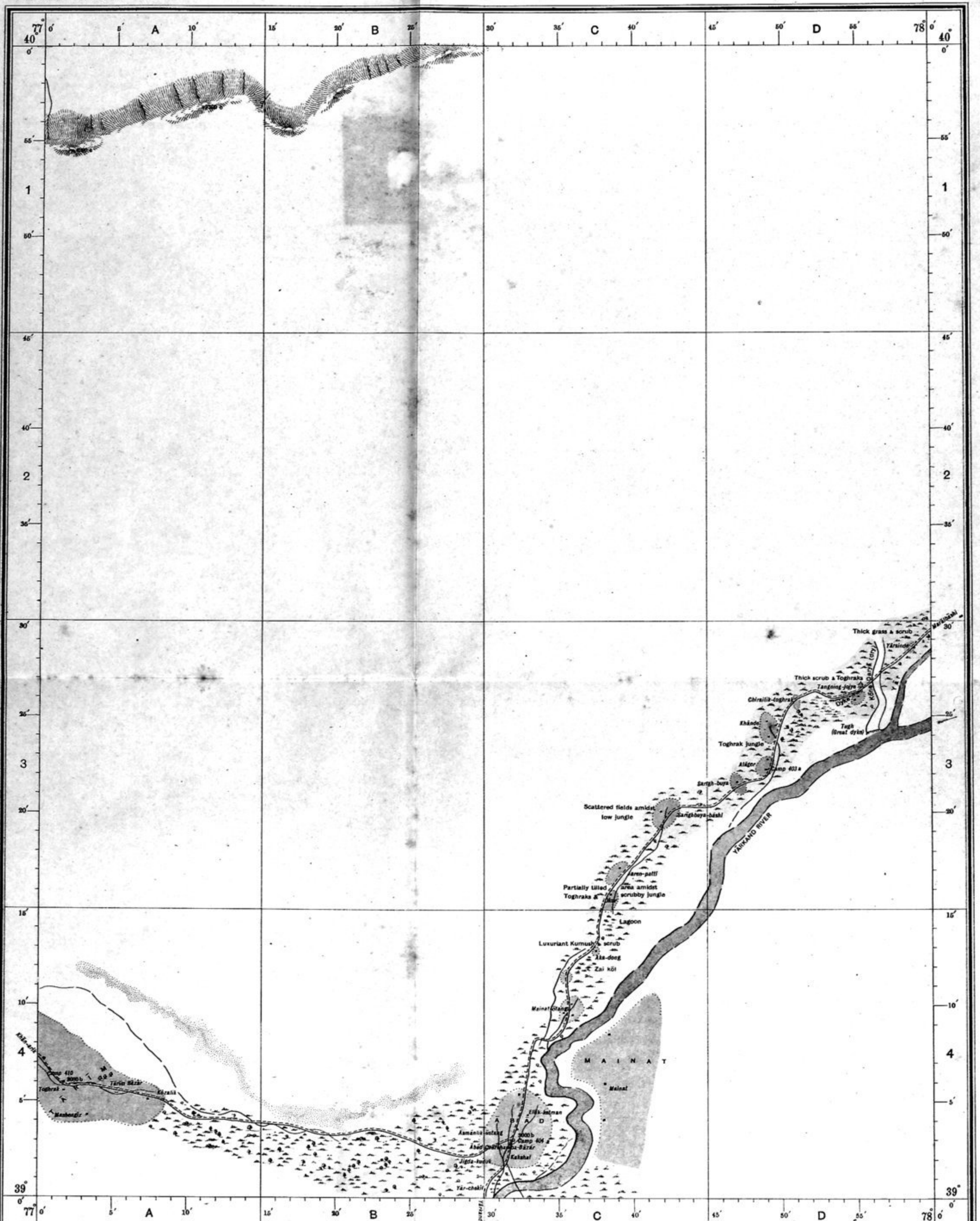
DR. M. A. STEIN, C. I. E., AND HIS ASSISTANTS,

SURVEYORS R. B. LAL SINGH AND R. S. RAM SINGH, SURVEY OF INDIA.

ĀBĀD, TĀRĪM

1906-08

SHEET No. 10



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Scale 1 Inch to 4 Miles, or 1: 253,440

Miles 5 4 3 2 1 0 5 10 15 Miles

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7	11	

NOTE.—The Longitudes are referrible to the Greenwich Meridian.

Route traversed shown in red.

Heliozincographed at the Survey of India Offices, Dehra Dun.

Latitude observed astronomically ⊕
Latitude and Azimuth observed astronomically ⊕
Trigonometrical Station with height 12000 △
Trigonometrical Point with height 9099 △
Barometric height 7790 b.
Clinometric height 4508 c.
Relative height 43 r.
River bed
Glacier
Marsh
Canal
Snowy range
Sandy tract with scrub or jungle
Area of reeds or coarse grass
Area of cultivation
Moving sands
Depression
Spring +
Well ○
Karēz ○—○—○

Ferry
Bridge
Main road unmetalled
Camel road
Mule-path
Foot-path
Dawān or Pass
Telegraph line
Fort
Temple or Muhammadan shrine
Sacred tomb
Camp
Mine
Frontier wall extant
Ancient frontier wall, ruined
Watch-tower, ancient
Ruined mound
Walled town, ruined
Ancient site

EXPLANATION OF SOME TURKI AND CHINESE TERMS.

Bulak	*Spring*	*Kul, Kŏl*	*Lake*	*P'ao-pu-tzŭ (Chin.)*	*Walled village*
Chap	*Hill stream*	*Kum*	*Sand*	*Sai*	*Desert of stone or gravel*
Ch'êng (Chin.)	*Walled town*	*Kuprük*	*Bridge*	*Shan (Chin.)*	*Mountain*
Dawān	*Pass*	*Kurghān*	*Tower*	*Ta-fan (Chin.)*	*Pass*
Dong	*Hill*	*Langar, Lr.*	*Rest house*	*Tāgh*	*Mountain*
Ho (Chin.)	*River*	*Mazār, Mr.*	*Saint's tomb*	*Toghrak*	*Poplar*
Jilga, J.	*Valley*	*Miao (Chin.)*	*Temple*	*Ustang*	*Canal*
Karaul	*Watch station*	*Oghil*	*Shepherd station*	*Yailak*	*Grazing ground*