Náu.

Kisseli.

Uritpa, or Uratipa, a large town.

Tsómum, a long stage (Zamin of the maps).

A Property of

Jisak, a long stage (Djizzach of the maps).

Yákurgan – Jénghi Kurgán.

Khisbobrúk—Cross the Serafshán river.

Samarkánd, near the left bank of the Serafshán river (from here to Bokhára the direction of the route is west)—Continue along the left side of the Serafshán river.

Kåressu.

Kătekurgán.

Kårmina, a large town.

Bostán (Khanihoff's Bústan).2

Bokhára, ab. 39° 47′; 64° 34′.

Route

from KOKAND to OSH,

see No. 162.

Route No. 112.

From Kóksar (Lahól) to Dárche (Lahól).

From Kóksar a difficult road, impassable for horses, is also said to lead to Kárdong across the Dárche pass in five marches. Proceed due north from Kóksar, cross on the second march the Dárche pass (glaciers are on both flanks), and descend along the Yóze valley to Dárche.

The route is longer than that viâ Gúndla and Kárdong (see Routes Nos. 113 and 91), and, consequently, never used. Besides, no villages are met with along this route.

- ¹ From Jisak a direct road, avoiding Samarkánd, leads to Kármina, viz.: Jisak—Karabalégh—Mitán—Panjúnbe—Kármina.
- ² The names of the stages between Samarkand and Bokhara as given by Khanikoff, are so different from those given here, that I could scarcely identify a single name.

Geographical co-ordinates:

Kóksar: 32 25; 77 12; 10,344 ft. Dárche: 32 41; 77 9; 11,746 "

Route

from Kóksar to Jăgatsúk,

see No. 75.

Route No. 113.

From Kóksar (Lahól) to Kárdong (Lahól).

A principal route, passable for horses.

Literature: Cunningham's Ladák, p. 155, and in Journ. As. Soc. Beng., Vol. XVII., part I., pp. 211-13.—Moorcroft's Travels, Vol. I., pp. 192-210.

Maps: Cunningham's Pănjáb and Western Himálaya.— Waugh and Thuillier's Pănjáb and adjoining countries.

Kóksar, 32° 25'; 77° 12'; 10,344 ft., on the right bank of the Chándra river — Continue down the Chándra valley—Síssu.

Gúndla (10,154 ft.), a short stage — Tándi, at the confluence of the Chándra and Bhága rivers.

Kárdong, 32° 33′·8; 77° 0′·6 , a kind of Govt. bángalo (10,242 ft.) on the Bhága river (an easy march).

Route No. 114.

From Kóksar (Lahól) to Lósar (Spíti).

A secondary route, passable for horses. Provisions to be collected for five days. Fuel procurable.

Literature: Cunningham's Ladák, p. 157, and in Journ. As. Soc. Beng., Vol. XVII., part I., p. 212.

Maps: Cunningham's Pănjáb and Western Himálaya.— Waugh and Thuillier's Pănjáb and adjoining countries.

 $K\acute{o}ksar$, 32° 25'; 77° 12'; 10,344 ft., on the right bank of the Chándra river — $\triangle Timtimna$ (10,389 ft.).