ab. 15,250 ft.).

 \triangle Bhaviti (ab. 15,750 ft.)— \triangle Láma Chórten. Chújia Tol— \triangle Ámlung (ab. 15,300 ft.). Tol, near the Rákus Tal lake (level of the lake

Route

from Kutnór to Barahát, see No. 16.

Route No. 118.

From Kutnór (Gărhvál) to Khărsáli (Gărhvál).

A principal route, passable for horses.

Literature: Hodgson, in As. Res., Vol. XIV., pp. 141-5.— Jacquemont's Journal, Vol. II., pp. 73-82.—Skinner's Excursions, Vol. I., pp. 282-91.

Maps: Indian Atlas, sheets 48 and 65.

Kutnór, 30° 51′; 78° 19′; 5,106 ft., on the left bank of the Jåmna river—Continue along the left bank of the Jämna river—Cross the Jåmna river—Vódri, or Vazirgårh (5,384 ft.), on the right bank of the Jåmna river (close to the Jåmna river is a hot spring, which is, however, generally covered with the sand of the river)—Cross the Jåmna river—Kunsála.

Rána (6,773 ft.), on the left bank of the Jamna river—Continue along the left bank of the Jamna river—Cross the Jamna river—Banássa (7,478 ft.), on the right bank of the Jamna river (hot springs are close by) — Cross the Jamna river river.

Khărsáli, 30° 57'; 78° 27'; 8,374 ft., on the left bank of the Jamna river.

LADÁK, see LEH.

Route

from Láma Yúru to Káltse, see No. 82.

Route No. 119.

From LAMA YURU (Ladák) to KARBU (Dras).

A principal route, passable for horses.

Literature: Cunningham's Ladák, pp. 148-50, and in Journ. As. Soc. Beng., Vol. XVII., part I., pp. 117, 118.— Moorcroft's Travels, Vol. II,. pp. 11-20.

Maps: Cunningham's Pănjáb and Western Himálaya.— Waugh and Thuillier's Pănjáb and adjoining countries.

Láma Yúru, 34° 11′; 76° 34′; 11,480 ft., a large monastery—Cross the Phóto La pass (13,555 ft.; an easy and gradual ascent)—Henaskút, 9 miles from Láma Yúru—Cross the Kánji river several times.

Kutn'or, 30° 51'; 78° 19'; 5,106 ft., on the left hank of the Jampa river—Continue along the Henaskút.

LANDÁUR is close to Măssúri.

Route No. 120.

From \triangle Laptél (Gnári Khórsum) to Dába (Gnári Khórsum).

There are three different routes: A. by the Sakh pass, B. by the Balch Dhúra pass, C. by the Kioguár pass. Routes A. and B. are equally good; route C. is rarely taken.

A.

 \triangle Laptél to Dába, across the Sakh pass.

A principal route, passable for horses.

Maps: Cunningham's Pănjáb and Western Himálaya.— Strachey's Kămáon and Gărhvál.

△ Laptél, 30° 46′·3; 79° 52′·0 戊; 13,994 ft. (fuel and grass in abundance) — Tso Jan, two small lakes — Cross the Shelchéll pass (very gentle slopes).