

Route No. 164.

From PÁDUM (Zánkhar) to KÁLTSE (Ládak).

A secondary route, passable for horses.

Literature: Cunningham's Ladák, p. 152. — Thomson's Western Himálaya, pp. 367-90.

Maps: Cunningham's Pānjáb and Western Himálaya.— Waugh and Thuillier's Pānjáb and adjoining countries.

Pádum, $33^{\circ} 28' \cdot 0$; $76^{\circ} 54' \cdot 3 \text{ } \square$; 11,550 ft. This village, the residence of a Kardár, is the chief place of Zánkhar—Cross the Zánkhar river—Continue along its right bank.

Tóngde, on the right bank of the Zánkhar river, 9 miles from Pádum — Descend the Zánkhar valley—*Shilingkít*—Tsázar.

Jángla, or *Zángla*—Leave the Zánkhar valley and turn to the right—Cross a ridge.

Encamp at its northern foot.

Camp (road through ravines very bad and difficult for horses)—Cross the Tákki pass (16,360 ft.).

Níra—Cross the Zánkhar river.

Yúlchung (ab. 13,700 ft.) — Cross the Sénge La pass.

Phutáksa (ab. 14,300 ft.).

Hanupáta.

Vándla.

Láma Yúru (a large monastery, 11,673 ft.) — Cross the Indus river (see Route No. 82).

Káltse, $34^{\circ} 14'$; $76^{\circ} 40'$, on the right bank of the Indus river (level of the river 9,690 ft.).

Route No. 165.

From PÁDUM (Zánkhar) to KÁRBU (Dras).

A principal route, passable for horses.

Maps: Cunningham's Pānjáb and Western Himálaya.— Waugh and Thuillier's Pānjáb and adjoining countries.

Pádum, $33^{\circ} 28' \cdot 0$; $76^{\circ} 54' \cdot 3 \text{ } \square$; 11,550 ft. This village, the residence of a Kardár, is the chief place of Zánkhar—Cross a river—Túngring—*Rantáksa*—Cross the Kéle Tókpo river—*Phe*—Mánta—Remálla.

Kyagám (12,191 ft.)— \triangle Lungmúr, a now deserted village—Kushál—Ábrang Yóhma—Ábrang Kóma—Chibrál—Kiók piú, an old and now deserted fort— \triangle Monchóngsa—Cross the Chénu Tókbo river— \triangle Darsénza—Chádo Kárfo—Cross the Tindúnze Tókbo river.

\triangle *Bok* (13,287 ft.), at the southern foot of the Péntse La pass — Cross the Pallokiók Tókbo river— \triangle Tákkar — Cross the Péntse La pass (14,697 ft.)— \triangle Pánchu—Cross the Shélle Tókbo river — Cross the Páldar Tókbo river — Téshi Tóngze.

Rángdum.

\triangle *Lársa Súmdo*, at the western foot of the Kánji pass—Cross the Kánji pass.

\triangle *Yúru Kióm* (13,408 ft.)—Descend the Kánji valley—Kánji (12,787 ft.).

\triangle *Tímti Do* (13,645 ft.)—Henaskút.

Kárbu, $34^{\circ} 15'$; $76^{\circ} 27'$; 11,617 ft., on the left bank of the Kánji river.

Route No. 166.

From PÁDUM (Zánkhar) to LEH (Ládak).

A secondary route, passable for horses.

Literature: Cunningham's Ladák, p. 153.

Maps: Cunningham's Pānjáb and Western Himálaya.— Waugh and Thuillier's Pānjáb and adjoining countries.

Pádum, $33^{\circ} 28' \cdot 0$; $76^{\circ} 54' \cdot 3 \text{ } \square$; 11,550 ft. This village, the residence of a Kardár, is the chief place of Zánkhar.

Tóngde, on the right bank of the Zánkhar river, 9 miles from Pádum — Descend the Zánkhar valley—*Shilingkít*—Tsázar.