glacier)—△ Bachóra Brok, on an affluent of the Indus river.

Túrmik—Dásso (from here the road branches off to Róndu, or Róyul fort; the Indus river has to be crossed on inflated skins. See the next route, B.)—Toár—Díriko—Stak—Descend to the Indus river and continue near the right bank of the same.

Malúpa (an easy stage) — Cross the ChonVué river.
△ Bul Chu — Shéngu (road from Stak till here very bad)—Cross the Shéngu, or Burrúndo pass (not very difficult).

Encamp at the western foot of the pass.

Sási, near the right bank of the Indus river— Cross the Haramúsh river—Continue along the right bank of the Indus river—Búlle kót, or Kárfo kar—Hanuzúl—Sheút.

 $Kh\bar{a}t$ — \triangle Makpónn Shágaron (near the confluence of the Gílgit and Indus rivers)—Leave the Indus valley and ascend the Gílgit valley—Cross the Bagrót river.

Danjór — Cross the Någar river — Konodás — Cross the Gilgit river.

Gilgit, ab. 35° 54'; 74° 18'.

 \boldsymbol{B} .

Skárdo to Gílgit, by Róyul and Bónji.

A secondary route, passable for horses only between Skárdo and Róyul, and Bónji and Gílgit. Literature: Montgomerie's Memorandum, p. 12.—Thomson's Western Himálaya, pp. 248-55.

Skárdo, 35° 20'·2; 75° 44'·0\, on the left bank of the Indus river (level of the river 7,255 ft.)— Cross the Indus river by a ferry boat—Continue along the right bank of the Indus river—Brangnák—Kuárdo, 5 miles from Skárdo.

Kámar, or Komára — Tsórdos.1

¹ From Tsórdos a road leads also along the left bank of the Indus river, viz.: Tsórdos - Báscho -Matíllo—Permaskót — Gúnzar — Chábatang — Cross the Skachibór pass — Kóyon - Róyul.

Tsérri (road very bad)—Gherbidás.

Tóngos — Báicha.

Mórdo.

Dásso—Cross a small pass—Mallahór—Cross the Indus river by a bridge.

 $R \delta y u l$, or $R \delta n d u$, on the left bank of the Indus river—Continue along the left side of the Indus valley.

Hárpo, an easy march-Kóngma Tállu.

Gámba Tállu-Kóngma Dóros.

Gámba Dóros.

Bollácho (road from Dóros extremely rocky and very bad)—Cross the Bollácho pass.

Camp.

B
inji, or B
inji, on the left bank of the Indus river—Cross the Indus river by a ferry.

Darót—Domót fort—Shumót—Sábil—Chagót—Cross the Níla Dār pass (easy, gentle slopes; no glacier).

Minór-Sékvar-Kómar-Shuteál.

Gilgit, ab. 35° 54′; 74° 18′, an easy stage from Minór. From Darót you may also go up in two marches along the Gilgit river, avoiding the Nila Dār pass; but the valley is so narrow and rocky, that horses can only be brought up this way with the greatest difficulty.

Route

from SKÁRDO to KÍRIS, see No. 110.

Route

from SKÁRDO to SÍMLA, see SÍMLA to SKÁRDO.