

IV. NAMES EXPLAINED.

(IN ALPHABETICAL SUCCESSION.)

Ábi Gámin, *see* Íbi Gámin.

Ábu, a mountain in Rajvára, Lat. 24°, Long. 72° ابو Hind.

Abbreviated from the Sanskrit Árbuda, *serpent*, in particular a demonic serpent subdued by Índra.

Abugárh, in Rajvára, Lat. 24°, Long. 72° ابو گڑھ Hind.

"*Abu Fort.*" It has its name from Mount Ábu. Abu, abbreviated from Árbuda, is also met with in many other geographical names, as in Abu-nágar, in Málva, Lat. 22°, Long. 80°; in Abu-púr, in Hindostán, Lat. 28°, Long. 77°. The Arabic ábu, which means *father*, is frequently used as a part of personal names; but in the names quoted here the resemblance of the form is accidental.

Adampúra, in Sindh, Lat. 27°, Long. 68° آدم پورا Arab. Hind.

"*Ádam's town,*" or "*town of man.*"

Ádil Shah, in the Pānjáb, Lat. 32°, Long. 71° عادل شاه Arab. Pers.

"*King Ádil.*" Ádil, *just*, is frequently used as a man's name.

Afzalgárh, in the Dékhan, Lat. 17°, Long. 76° افضل گڑھ Arab. Hind.

"*Áfzal's house (or fort).*" Áfzal, *most excellent*, a personal name.

Anal. Afzal-púr, in the Dékhan, Lat. 17°, Long. 76°; in Hindostán Lat. 29°, Long. 78°.