

Anal. Mohámmadi, in Audh, Lat. 27°, Long. 80°; Mohammadabád, in Bändelkhánd, Lat. 25°, Long. 79°, in Audh, Lat. 27°, Long. 80°, &c.; Mohámmad Ali-púr (see Áli), in Hindostán, Lat. 29°, Long. 78°; Mohammad-púr, in Bengál, Lat. 23°, Long. 89°.

Móhan, in Audh, Lat. 26°, Long. 80° . . . . . موهن Hind.

“*Móhan's (town).*” Móhan, *sweetheart*, a surname of Kríshna.

Anal. Mohan-gánj, in Gujrát, Lat. 22°, Long. 73°; Mohan-gárh, in Rajvára, Lat. 27°, Long. 71°; Mohan-ke-Sárái, in Hindostán, Lat. 25°, Long. 82°; Mohan-kót, in Sindh, Lat. 25°, Long. 67°, in the Pánjáb, Lat. 32°, Long. 75°; Mohan-púr, in Bändelkhánd, Lat. 24°, Long. 77°, in Hindostán, Lat. 27°, Long. 78°, Lat. 29°, Long. 78°; Mohan-púra, in Rajvára, Lat. 26°, Long. 76°.

Móhan Gháta ka pahár, a mountain ridge near Símla, generally marked in the maps as Siválik range. Many Cháukis on the southern border of the Siválik range are also called Móhan.

The name Siválik seems not to be generally known to the natives, but is now in use with Europeans; perhaps it might be referred to Síva.

Mominabád, in the Dékhan, Lat. 18°, Long. 76° . . . . . مؤمن آباد Arab. Pers.

“*Mómin's town.*” Mómin, *faithful*, a personal name.

Monghír, in Bahár, Lat. 25°, Long. 86° . . . . . منگير Hind.

“*The beans mountain.*” An old Sanskrit name very much altered in the course of time, probably formerly Mudgagíri. The name múdga would allow of the interpretation, *Phaseolus Míngo*. Lassen, Ind. Alt., Vol. I., p. 143. Frequently written by the Europeans Monghyr.

Mórdo, in Rúpchu, Lat. 33°, Long. 78° . . . . . མོ་ར་ཏོ་ mo-rdo. Tib.

“*The oracle's stones.*” Mo, *oracle*; rdo, *stone*.

This is a halting place near the ridge of a pass, the slopes of which are covered with stones of a dark and a light colour. On their being thrown up into the air, a black stone falling down to the earth first is a bad omen.

There is even a legend that Alexander the Great, whose memory is preserved and alluded in Tibet and in Turkistán more frequently than might be expected, here consulted the stone-oracle, in order to decide whether or not to proceed to Ladák; but received an answer in the negative, as my Lama companion added most earnestly. Alexander's name in Tibet is Gyálpo Kíshar.

Mozäffarabád, in Kashmír, Lat. 34°, Long. 73° . . . . . مظفر آباد Arab. Pers.

“*Mozäffar's town.*” Mozäffar, *conqueror*, an Arabic personal name, otherwise written مسافر, musáfir, signifying *traveller*, but the latter spelling is not that generally used.

Anal. Mozäffär-nágar, in Hindostán, Lat. 29°, Long. 77°; Mozäffär-gárh, in the Pánjáb, Lat. 30°, Long. 71°.