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### The Jhūm, or Behūt, in the Pānjāb.

Lat. North: 32° 55' 2"

Long: East of Green: 73° 42' 0"

Height (level of river): 750 Engl. feet.

In the Panorama of Kashmir, Plate 18, we see the Himalayan region drained by the Jhūm; now the river has reached the Panjab, where it is the most western of the great tributaries of the Indus. It is the Hydaspes of the Ancients, and the plains about 50 miles lower down, near the mountains of Jalālpur; to the right of the centre, were the field of battle between Porus and Alexander in 327 B. C. The hills to the right are those of Jagadhilla, the ridge of Kohūr is to our left. A heavy cotton boat is seen pulled on down the stream, by sail and coolies to get it off a sandbank. Notwithstanding the variation of temperature between the hot and cool season, alligators are not unfrequent.



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### The Bias between Amritsar and Jalānder, Pānjāb.

Lat. North: 31° 29'

Long: East of Green: 75° 6'

Height: 898 Engl. feet.

The road has already quitted the higher borders of the bank, and we have before us, from the right shore, the exclusive aspect of the river bed. The various folds of the ridges of sand and clay distinctly mark the powerful action, at high water, of the stream and its counter currents. At present the river shows its smallest dimensions, and, as marked by the bridge of boats, we should see still less of it were it not apparently increased by broad but shallow backwaters. The hills before us on the left shore are but slight elevations of the Duab in the direction of the Satlej.